



Originate from TTWEN

**LiFePO4**

**24V100AH**

(100A BMS)

# PRODUCT MANUAL

Lithium Iron Phosphate (LiFePO4) Battery

<https://lifepo4store.com/>



[info@lifepo4store.com](mailto:info@lifepo4store.com)



Swalle Technology Co., Ltd.

# PRODUCT OVERVIEW

## BATTERY

Combination: 25.6V100Ah  
 Dimension: L521\*W238\*H220 mm  
 Plastic Shell Color: Black



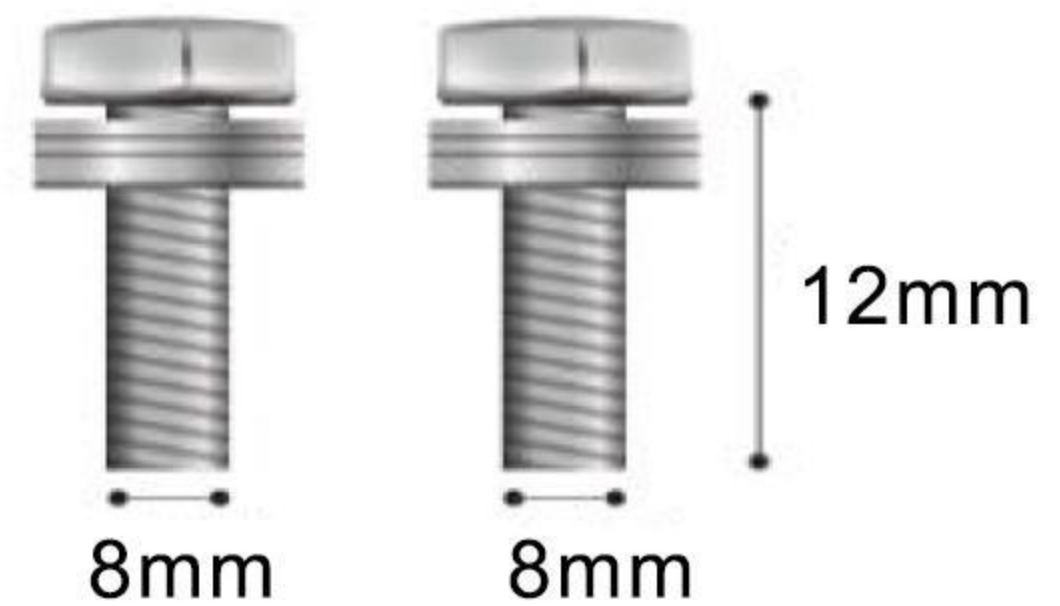
## TERMINAL & POST BOLTS

### Terminal Size:

**M8** (1.25mm Metric Thread)

### Post Bolts:

**M8** (1.25mm Metric Thread\* 12mm Bolt Length)



(The bolts can be replaced with M8 bolts of other lengths based on actual needs.)

## GENERAL INFORMATION

**Operating Voltage**

25.6V

**Charging Voltage**

28.8±0.4V

**Max Continuous Load Power**

2560W

**Max Continuous Charge Current**

100A (Not recommended for long-term use)

**Max Continuous Discharge Current**

100A

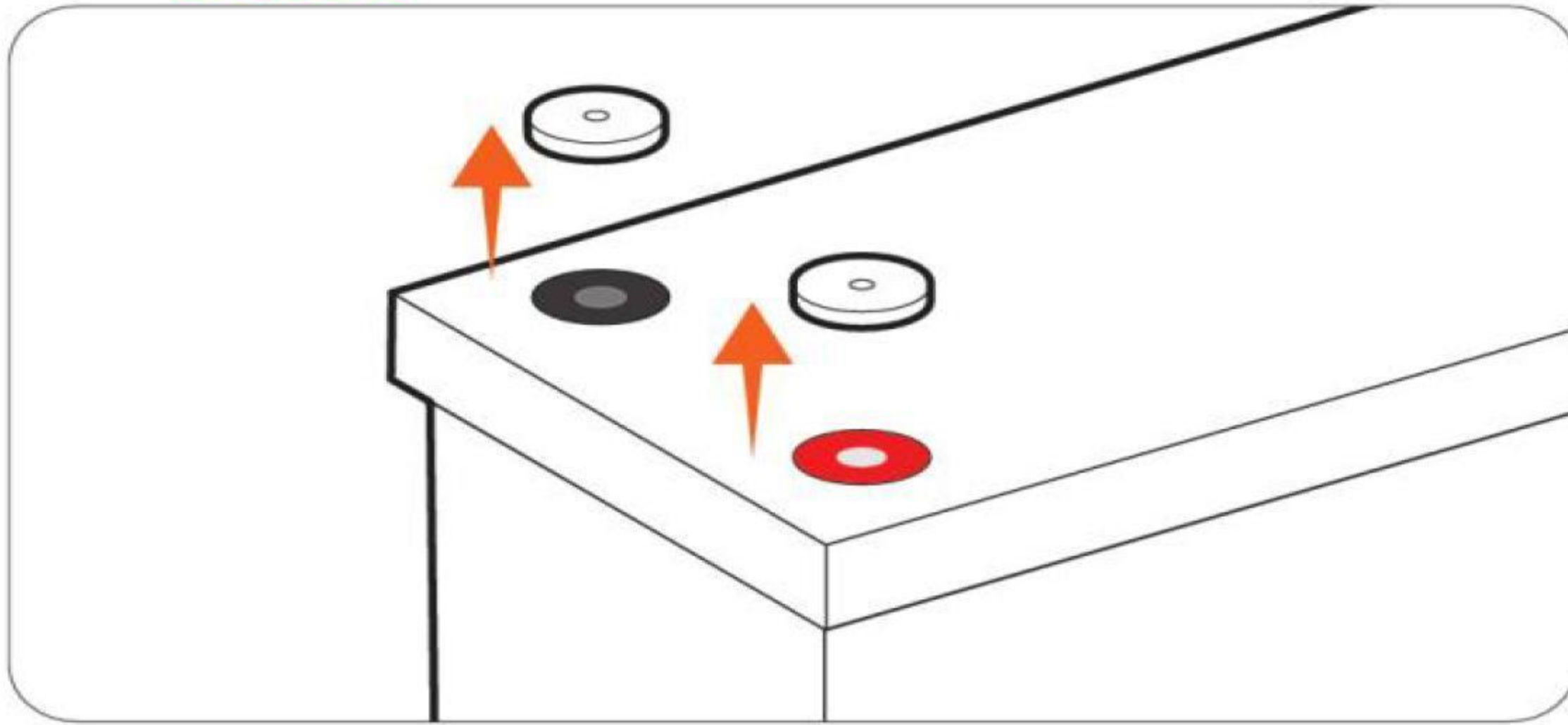
**Standard Charge Current**

≤50A


## NOTICE BEFORE USING

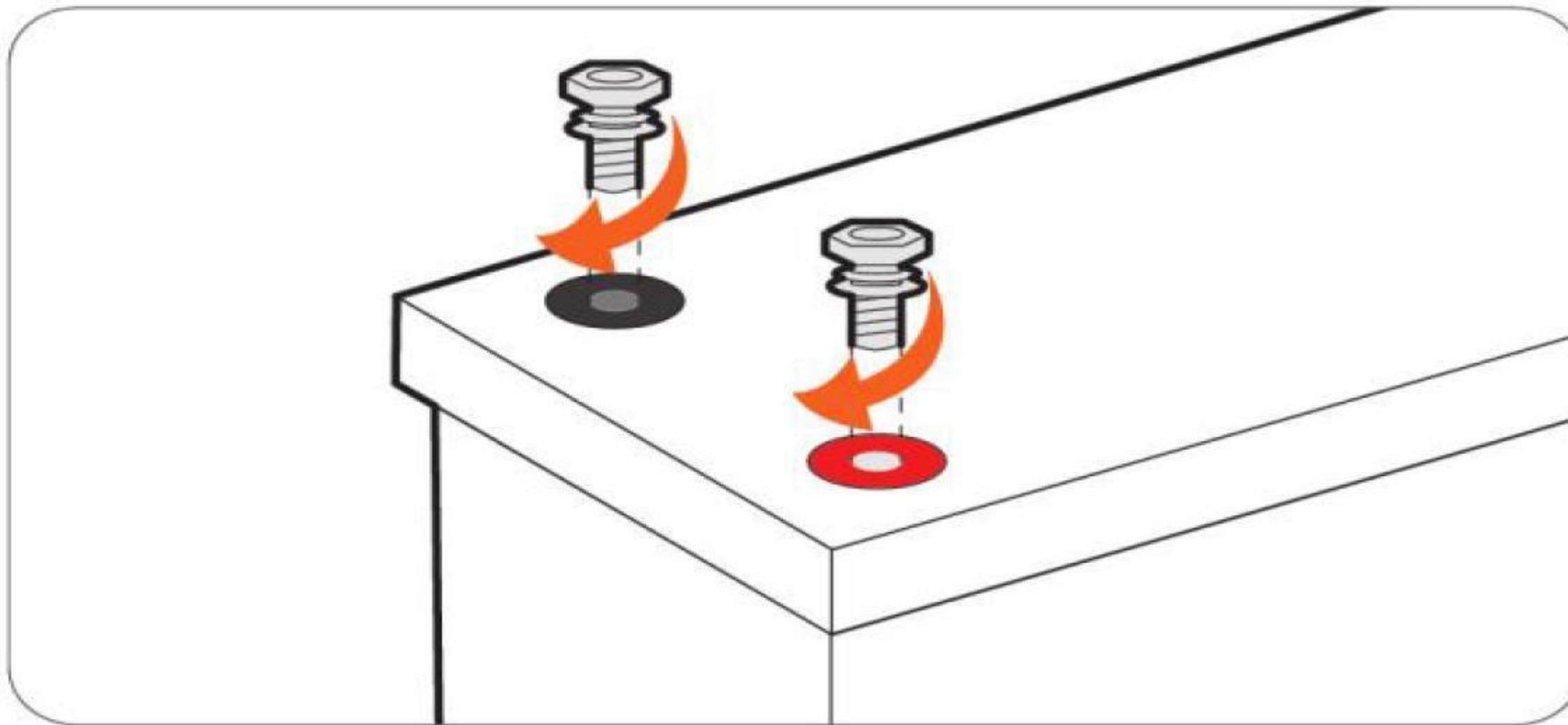
**Step 1:** CONTACT US at [info@lifepo4store.com](mailto:info@lifepo4store.com) to activate the THREE-YEARS WARRANTY

**Step 2:** PULL OUT Insulating Plugs



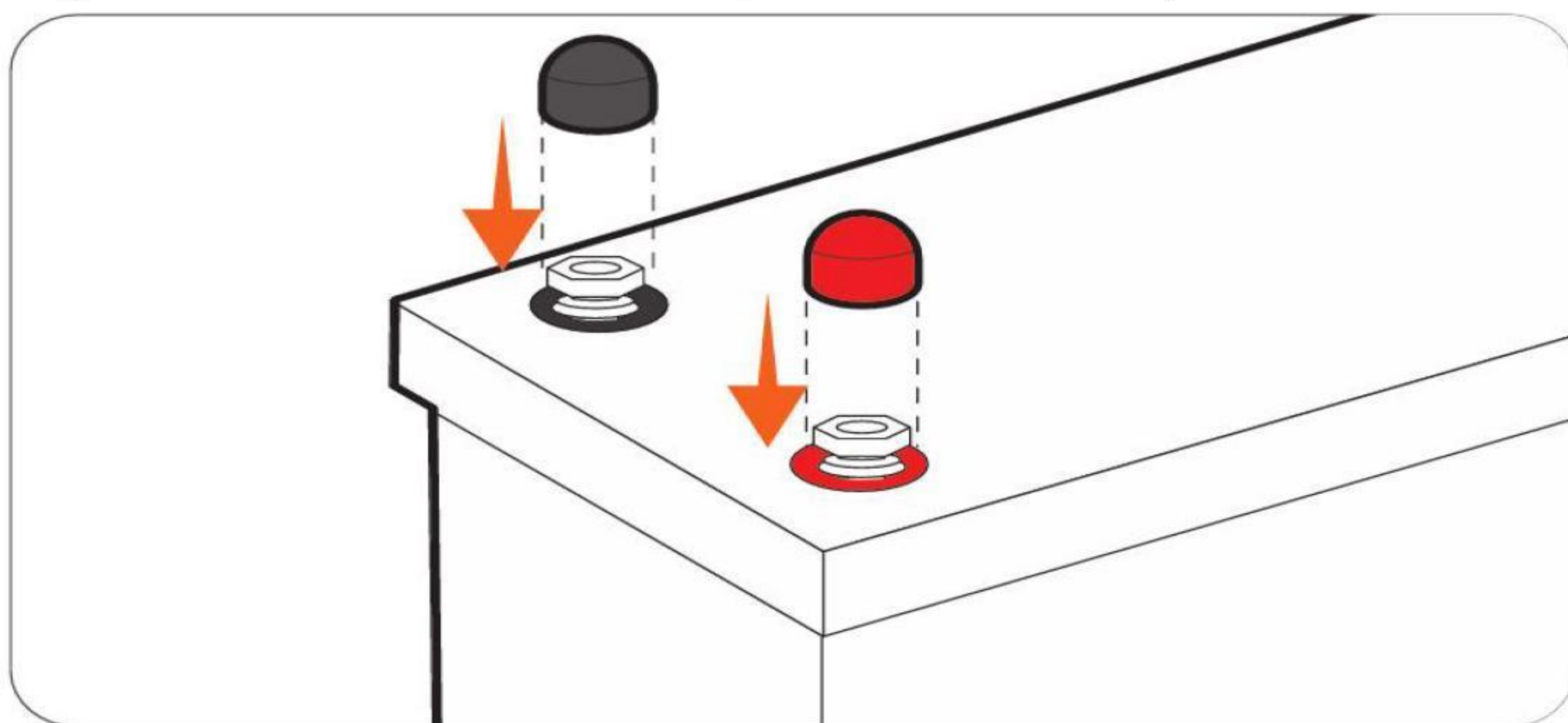
**Step 3:** TIGHTLY SCREW IN Post Bolts

 Please tightly screw in the post bolts. Having loose battery terminals will cause the terminals to build up heat resulting in damage to the battery.



**Step 4:** PUT ON Insulating Covers

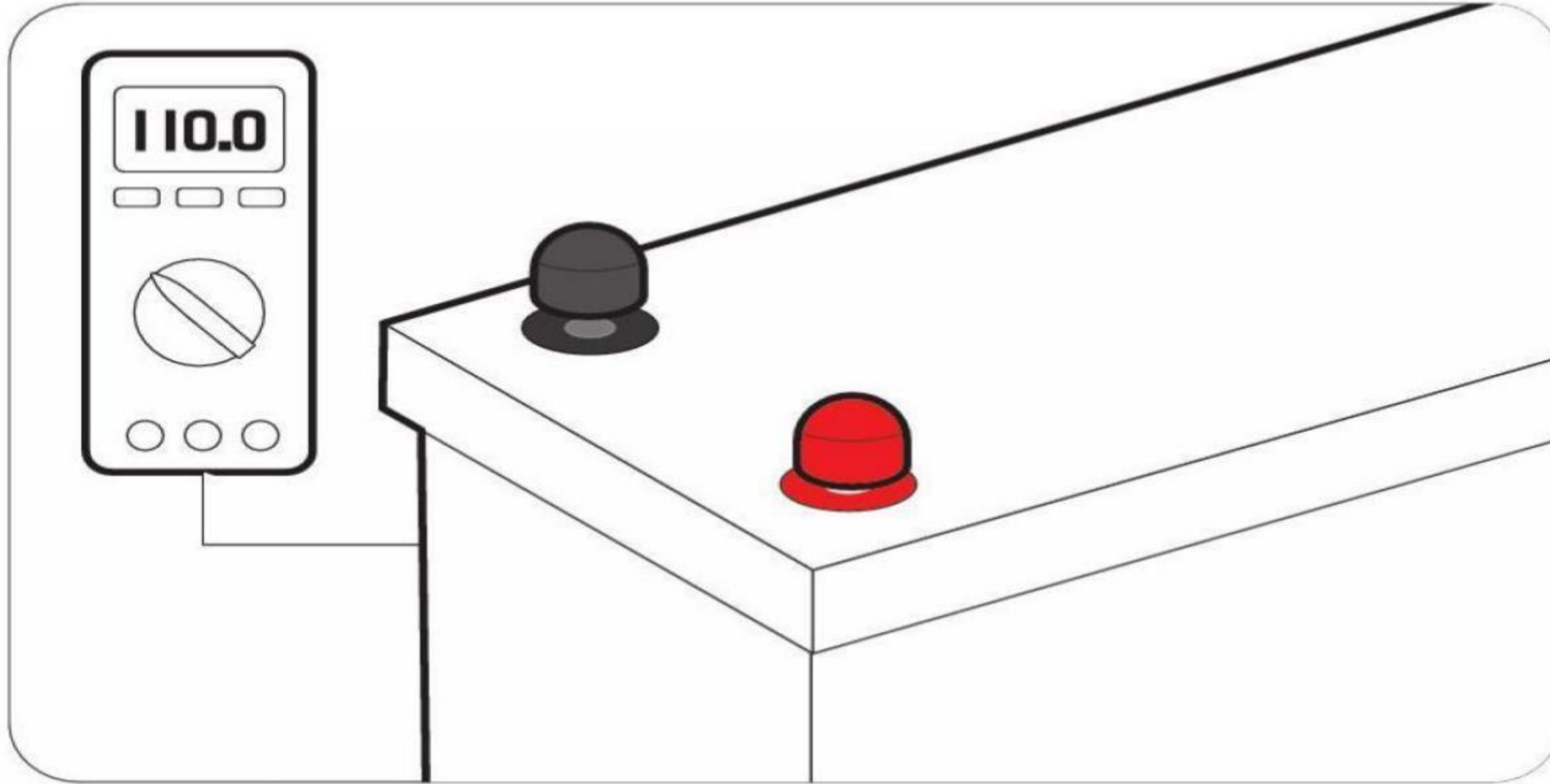
Please put on the insulating covers to avoid metal or conductive objects touching the positive and negative terminals of the battery at the same time, otherwise it is likely to cause a short circuit.



**Step 5: TEST** The Battery Voltage with Multimeter

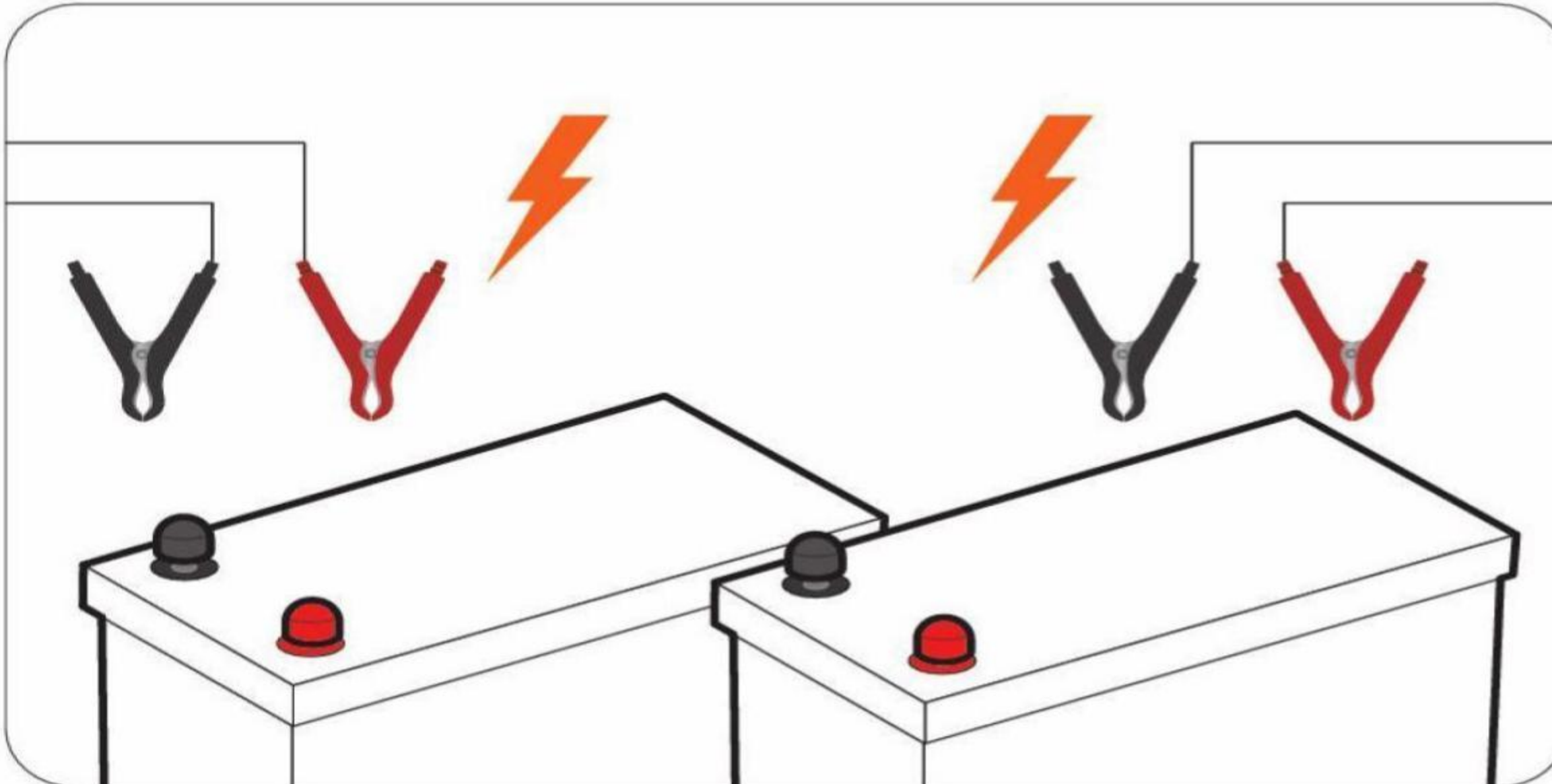
≥12V To Step6

<12V Contact us at [info@lifepo4store.com](mailto:info@lifepo4store.com) to help solve the problem.

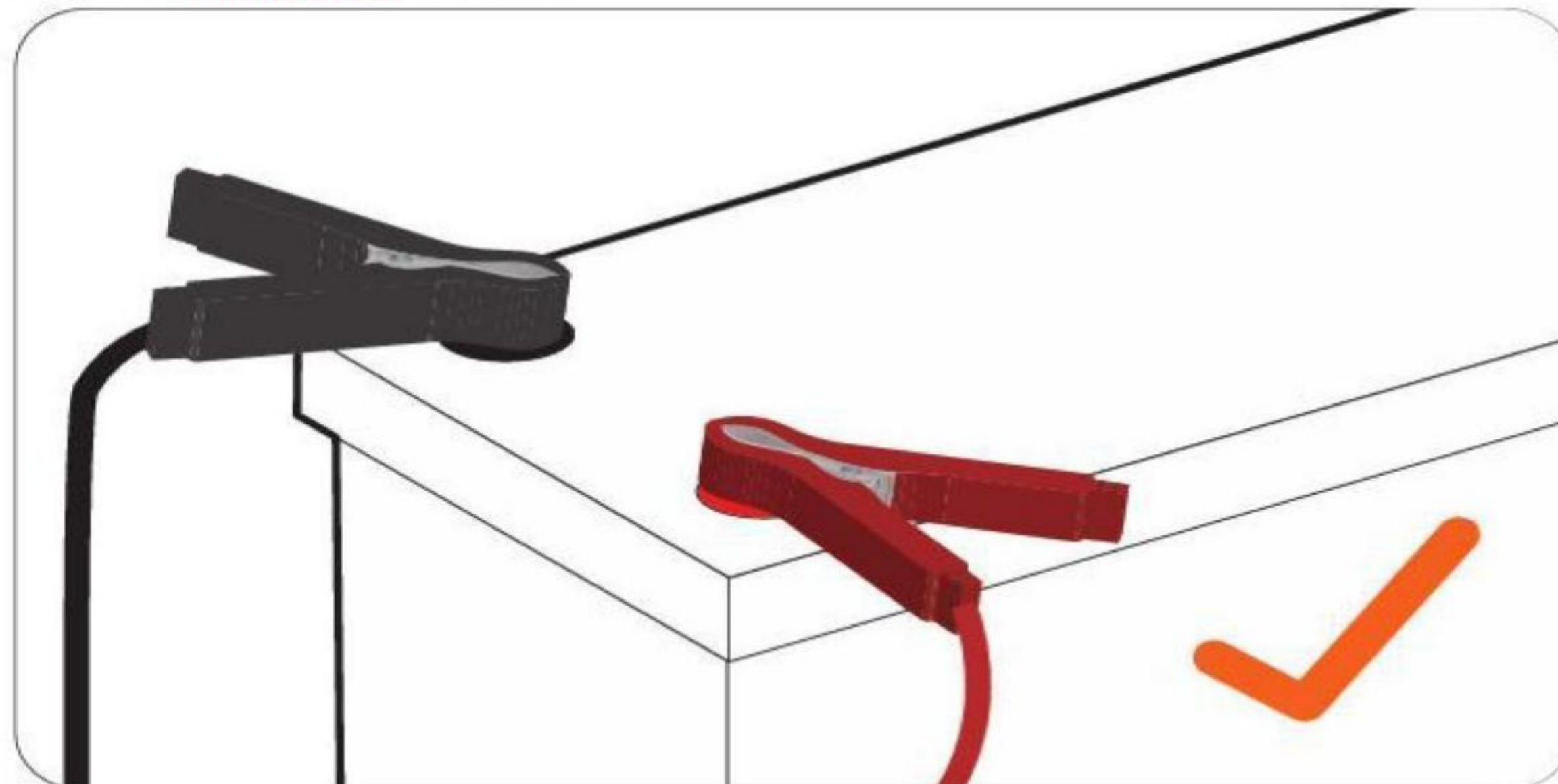


**Step 6: FULLY CHARGE** The Battery Separately

(Refer to Page 06 for battery charging methods)



**Step 7: CONNECT** To Use



# contents

<b>BATTERY- PACK MAIN PARAMETERS .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>THINGS TO KNOW BEFORE USING .....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>CHARGING METHODS .....</b>	<b>7</b>
THE VOLTAGE WHEN CHARGING & DISCHARGING .....	7
Battery Charging Logic .....	8
<i>LiFePO4 Battery Charging Mode</i> .....	8
SOLAR PANEL(S) & CONTROLLER .....	8
<i>Solar Panel</i> .....	8
<i>Controller</i> .....	8
<i>Controller Settings</i> .....	9
BATTERY CHARGER .....	9
ALTERNATOR/GENERATOR .....	9
<b>HOW TO ESTIMATE THE BATTERY CAPACITY .....</b>	<b>10</b>
STATE OF CHARGE (SOC) .....	10
<b>SERIES/PARALLEL CONNECTION .....</b>	<b>11</b>
THE PREMISE OF CONNECTION .....	11
LIMITATION FOR SERIES/PARALLEL CONNECTION .....	11
HOW TO CONNECT BATTERIES .....	11
<i>Accessory Recommendation</i> .....	11
<i>Step 1 Wear Insulating Gloves</i> .....	12
<i>Step 2 Voltage Balancing Before Connection</i> .....	12
<i>Step 3 Battery-to-Battery Connection</i> .....	13
<i>Step 4 Rebalancing Every 6 Months</i> .....	14
<i>Wiring Diagrams</i> .....	15
<b>INVERTER SETTINGS .....</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>WHAT TO DO WHEN THE BATTERY STOPS WORKING? .....</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>ATTENTION .....</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>WARNING .....</b>	<b>19</b>

## BATTERY-PACK MAIN PARAMETERS

Cell	Prismatic LiFePO4 Battery
Nominal Capacity	100Ah
Usable Capacity	100Ah
Nominal Voltage	25.6V
Energy	2560Wh
Charge Method	CC/CV
Charge Voltage	28.8V±0.4V
Recommend Charge Current	20A(0.2C)
Battery Management System (BMS) Board	100A
Max. Continuous Charge / Discharge Current	100A
Max. Discharge Current 5 Seconds	280A
Max. Continuous Load Power	2560W
Cycle Life	≥4000 times
Internal Impedance	≤40mΩ
Battery Pack Case	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene (ABS) Plastic
Protection Class	IP65
Weight	41.88lb/19kg
Dimension	L20.51*W9.37*H9.37 Inch
	L521*W238*H220 mm
Temperature Range	Normal-Charge:0C to 50°C/32°F to 122°F
	Normal-Discharge:-20°C to 60°C/-4°F to 140°F
	Self-Heating Charge: -20°C ~50°C/-4°F -122°F
	Self-Heating Discharge: -20°C ~60°C/-4°F -140°F
	Storage:-10°C to 50°C/14°F to 122°F

## CAUTIONS

- Please charge with a dedicated lithium battery charger;
- Do not reverse the positive and negative poles;
- There are safety devices in the battery pack. To ensure safety, do not dissect or change the structure of the battery;
- It is forbidden to directly connect the positive and negative terminals with metal;
- It is strictly forbidden to immerse the battery in water;
- It is strictly forbidden to drop, impact, squeeze, or puncture the battery;
- If the battery pack is not used for 3 months, please put the battery pack fully. When it is not in use, it should be placed in a cool and dry environment.

## THINGS TO KNOW BEFORE USING

- Always **put on the insulating covers** on the post bolts to avoid metal or conductive objects touching the positive and negative terminals of the battery at the same time, otherwise it is likely to cause a short circuit.
- **Install the battery upright with post bolt facing up**, and it could not be mounted upside down. If you need to mount the battery at its side, please contact confirm the direction.
- **Tightly screw in the post bolts.** Having loose battery terminals will cause the terminals to build up heat resulting in damage to the battery.
- This battery is not intended to be used to start any devices, please **DO NOT use it as a starting battery.**

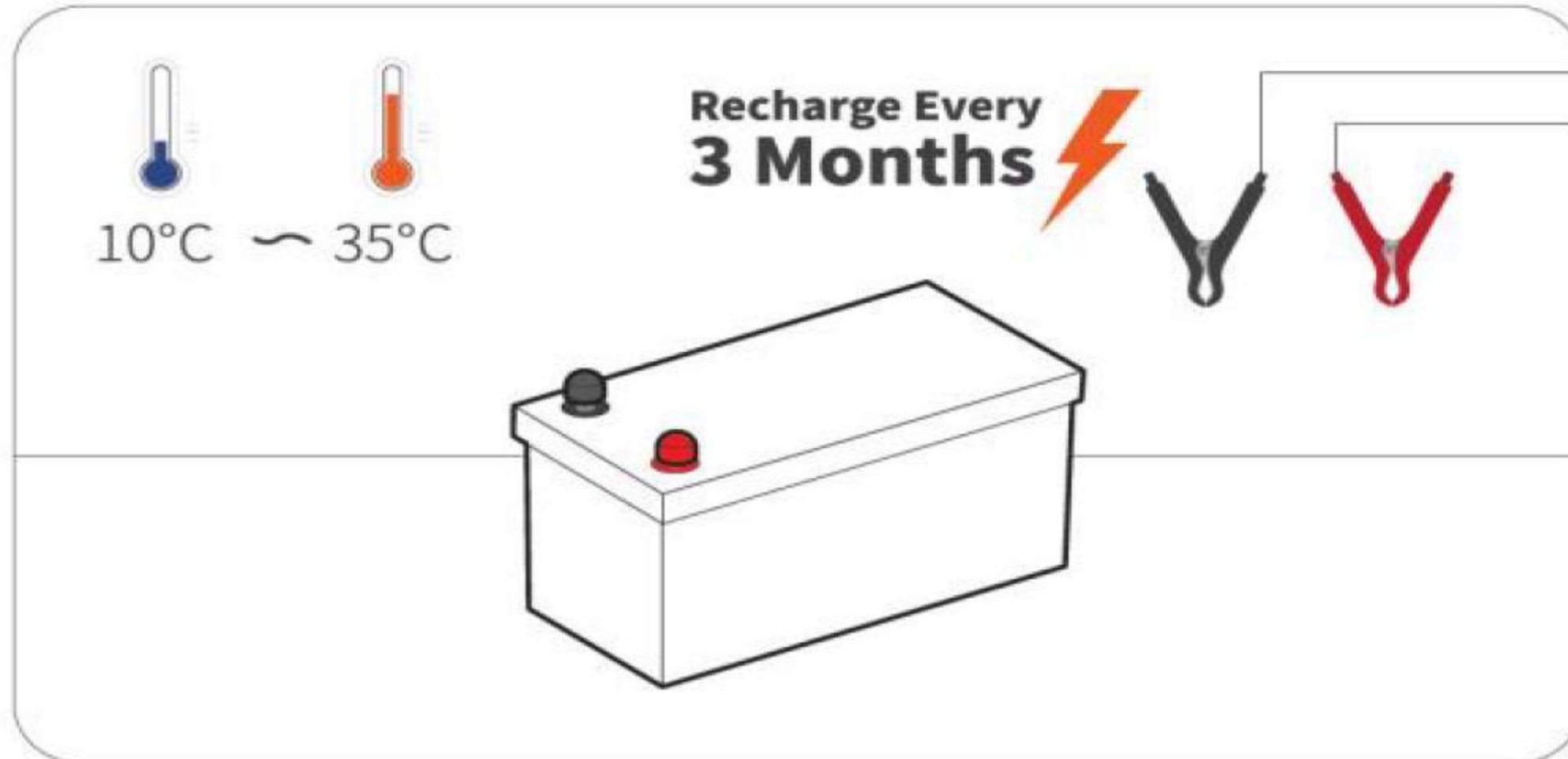
➤ **Suggestions for Long-term Storage:**

• Temperature

The battery can be operated at a temperature of -20 °C to 60 °C / -4°F to 140°F, and a temperature between 10 °C to 35 °C / 50°F to 95°F is ideal for long-term storage. Store in a fireproof container and away from children.

• Capacity

For a longer-lasting product, it is best to store your battery at a 50% charge level and recharge every three months if it is not going to be used for a long time.



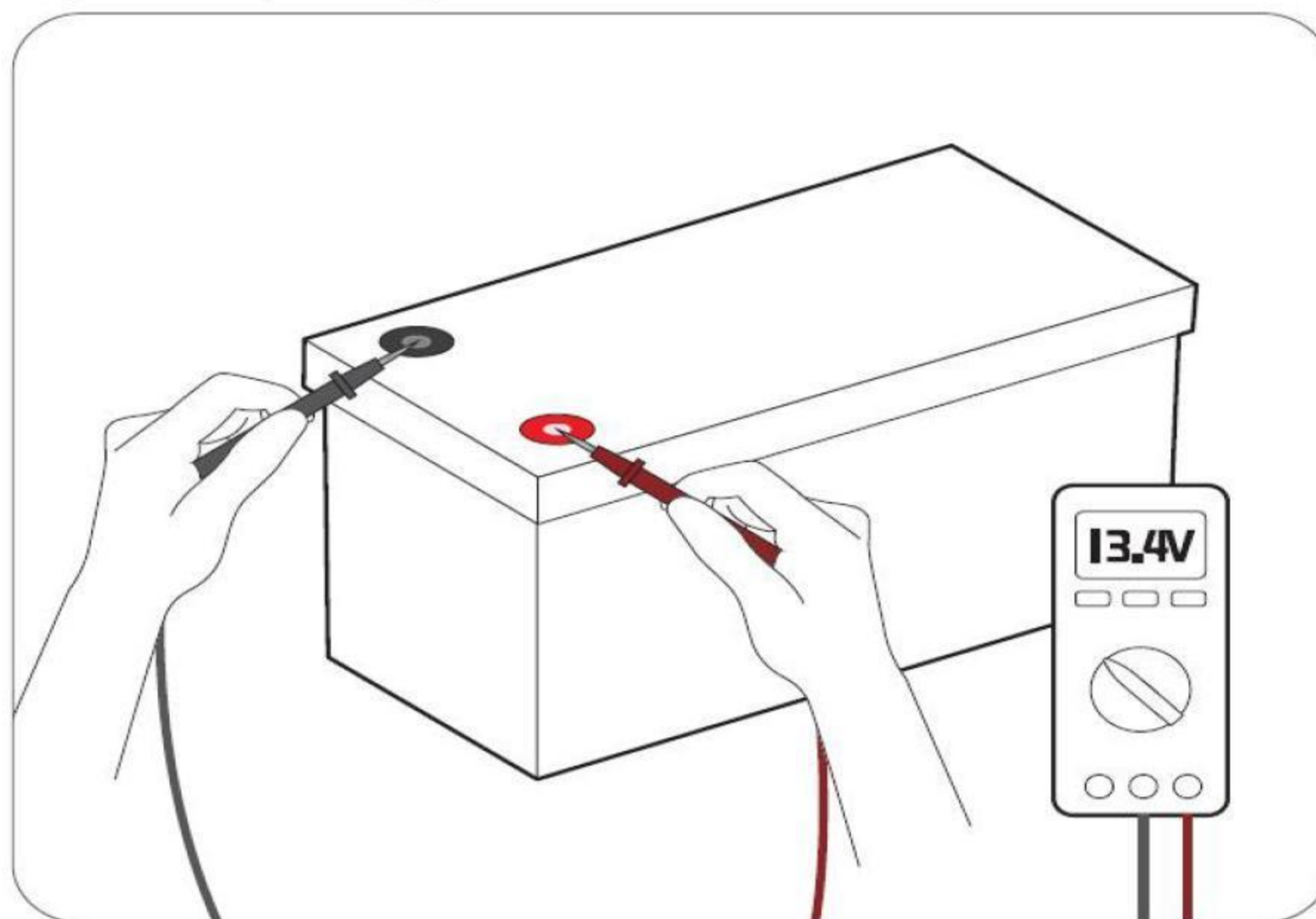
## CHARGING METHODS

### THE VOLTAGE WHEN CHARGING & DISCHARGING

Based on the characteristics of Lithium Iron Phosphate (LiFePO4) batteries, the voltage measured by all LiFePO4 batteries during charging/discharging is not the real voltage of the battery.

Therefore, after charging/discharging and disconnecting the battery from the power source, the voltage of the battery will gradually drop/increase to its real voltage.

If you need to test the real voltage of the battery, please disconnect all the connections to the battery and test its voltage after putting it aside for over 30 mins.



#### Tips When Testing The Battery Voltage by A Multimeter

- ① Put the red probe (+) **tightly** on the positive terminal (not the post bolts), and the black probe (-) on the negative terminal.
- ② Do not touch the metal part of the probes with your hands during use.

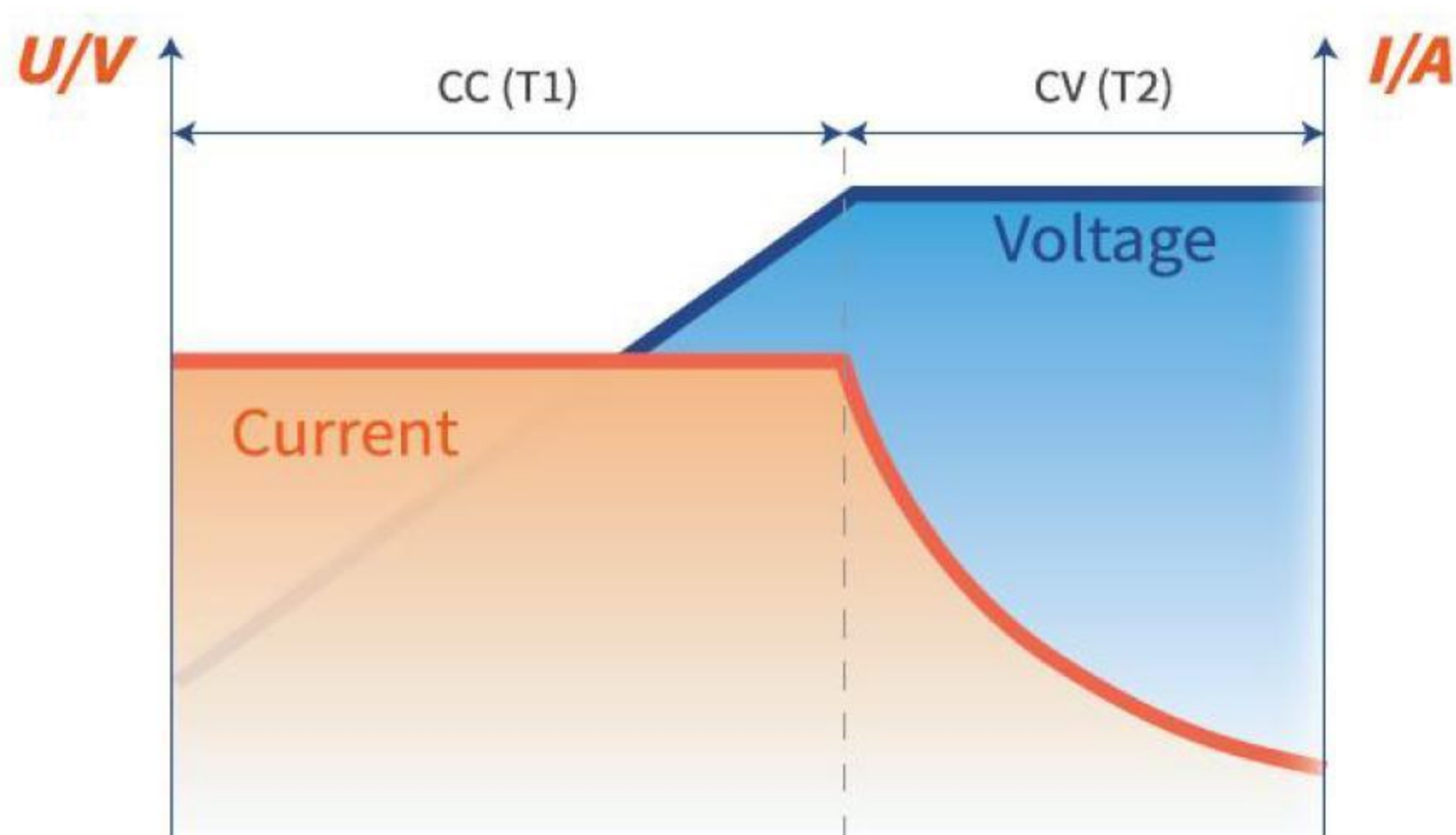


## Battery Charging Logic

The material characteristics of the LiFePO4 battery determine that its charging curve is obviously different from that of a lead-acid battery. Compared with a lead-acid battery, the LiFePO4 battery has a simpler charging process and mode. Therefore, it is recommended to select LiFePO4 for your charging mode.

If LiFePO4 mode is not available, please refer to the recommended parameters on Page 10 for setting.

### LiFePO4 Battery Charging Mode



LiFePO4 Battery Charging Curve

- **CC (Constant Current) Phase (T1)**

In the beginning, a discharged battery will be charged with a constant current and voltage will be climbing steadily until reaching the constant voltage setpoint which varies for different charging methods.

- **CV (Constant Voltage) Phase (T2)**

The battery maintains a constant voltage during this phase while the current gradually decreases to 6A (0.02C) which is also known as tail current. At this point, the charging is cut off and the battery is fully charged.

## SOLAR PANEL(S) & CONTROLLER

### Solar Panel

- Recommend Power:  $\geq 900W$
- The battery can be fully charged in one day (with effective sunshine 4.5hrs/day) by 900W solar panels.
- It may take more than one day to fully charge the battery by 900W solar panels since the duration and intensity of light would be a great factor for their charging efficiency.

### Controller

➤ Recommend Charging Current:

20A(0.2C)	The battery will be fully charged in around 5hrs to 100% capacity
50A(0.5C)	The battery will be fully charged in around 2hrs to around 97% capacity

- Recommend Charging Mode: 24V (29.2V) LI (LiFePO4)

### Controller Settings

Refer to the below parameters if you need to manually set up your controller. As different types of batteries have different charging modes (refer to Page 09), **it is recommended to set only the following parameters for LiFePO4 batteries.** The settings for other types of batteries do not apply to LiFePO4 batteries except for the following settings.

CHARGING	charge/Bulk/Boost Voltage	28.8V/29.2V
	Absorption Voltage	28.8V/29.2V
	Over Voltage Disconnect	30V
	Over Voltage Reconnect	28.4V
	Tail Current	2A(0.02C)

DIS-CHARGING	Under Voltage Warning	23.2V
	Under Voltage Recover	24V
	Low Voltage Disconnect	21.6V
	Low Voltage Reconnect	24.8V

### BATTERY CHARGER

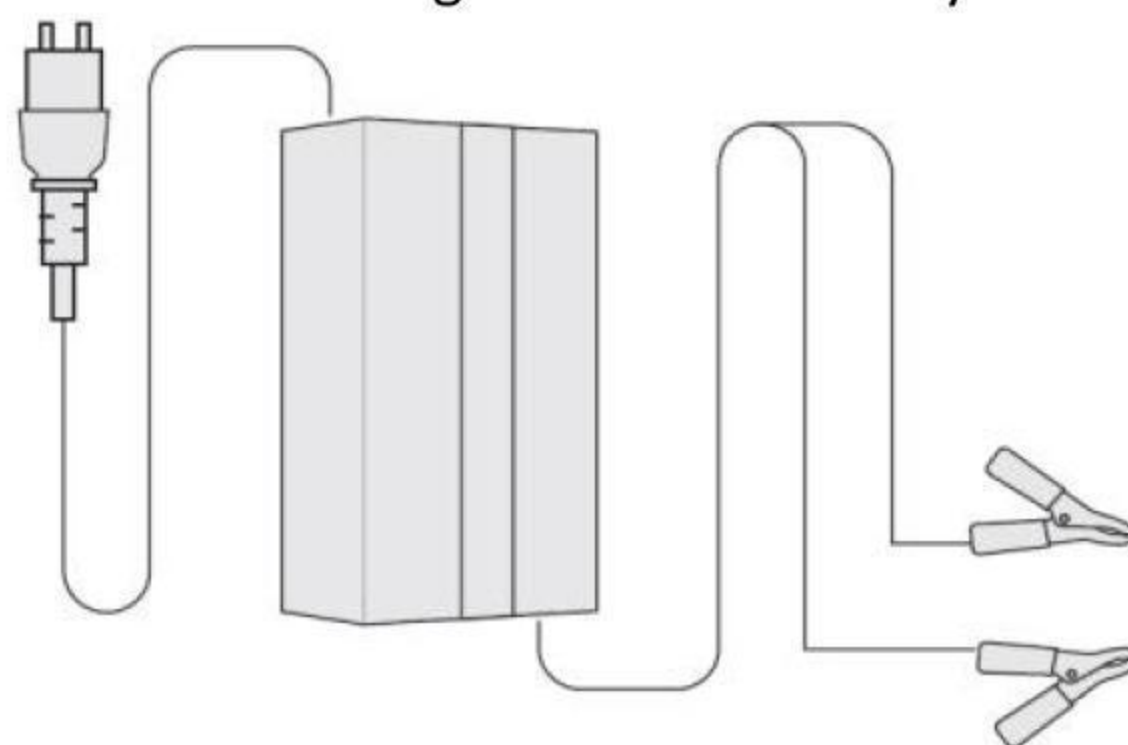
Use 14.6V lithium iron phosphate (LiFePO4) battery charger to maximize the capacity.

- **Recommend Charging Voltage:** Between 28.4V to 29.2V
- **Recommend Charging Current:**

20A(0.2C)	The battery will be fully charged in around 5hrs to 100% capacity
50A(0.5C)	The battery will be fully charged in around 2hrs to around 97% capacity

#### Tips

- ① Connect the charger to the battery before connecting it to the grid power in case of sparks.
- ② It's recommended to disconnect the charger from the battery after fully charging.



### ALTERNATOR/GENERATOR

TEZE battery can be charged by an alternator or generator.

If the alternator/generator supports DC output, a DC-to-DC charger needs to be added between the battery and the generator; if the alternator/gen-erator supports AC output, please refer to the recommendations in "Battery Charger" above to add a suitable battery charger between the battery and the generator.

Recommend Charging Voltage: Between 28.4V to 29.2V

Recommend Charging Current:

20A(0.2C)	The battery will be fully charged in around 5hrs to 100% capacity
50A(0.5C)	The battery will be fully charged in around 2hrs to around 97% capacity

## HOW TO ESTIMATE THE BATTERY CAPACITY

### STATE OF CHARGE (SOC)

The battery capacity could be roughly estimated by its rest voltage (not charging/discharging voltage). As there are subtle differences in the voltage of each battery, the below parameters are for reference only.

**Rest Voltage** : The voltage needs to be tested at rest (with zero current) after 30 mins of disconnecting from the charger & loads.

CAPACITY	CHARGE VOLTAGE
100%	27V
99%	26.8V
90%	26.6V
70%	26.4V
40%	26.2V
30%	26.0V
20%	25.8V
10%	25.6V
1%	21.6V(recommend low voltage disconnect voltage)
0%	19.0V

## SERIES/PARALLEL CONNECTION

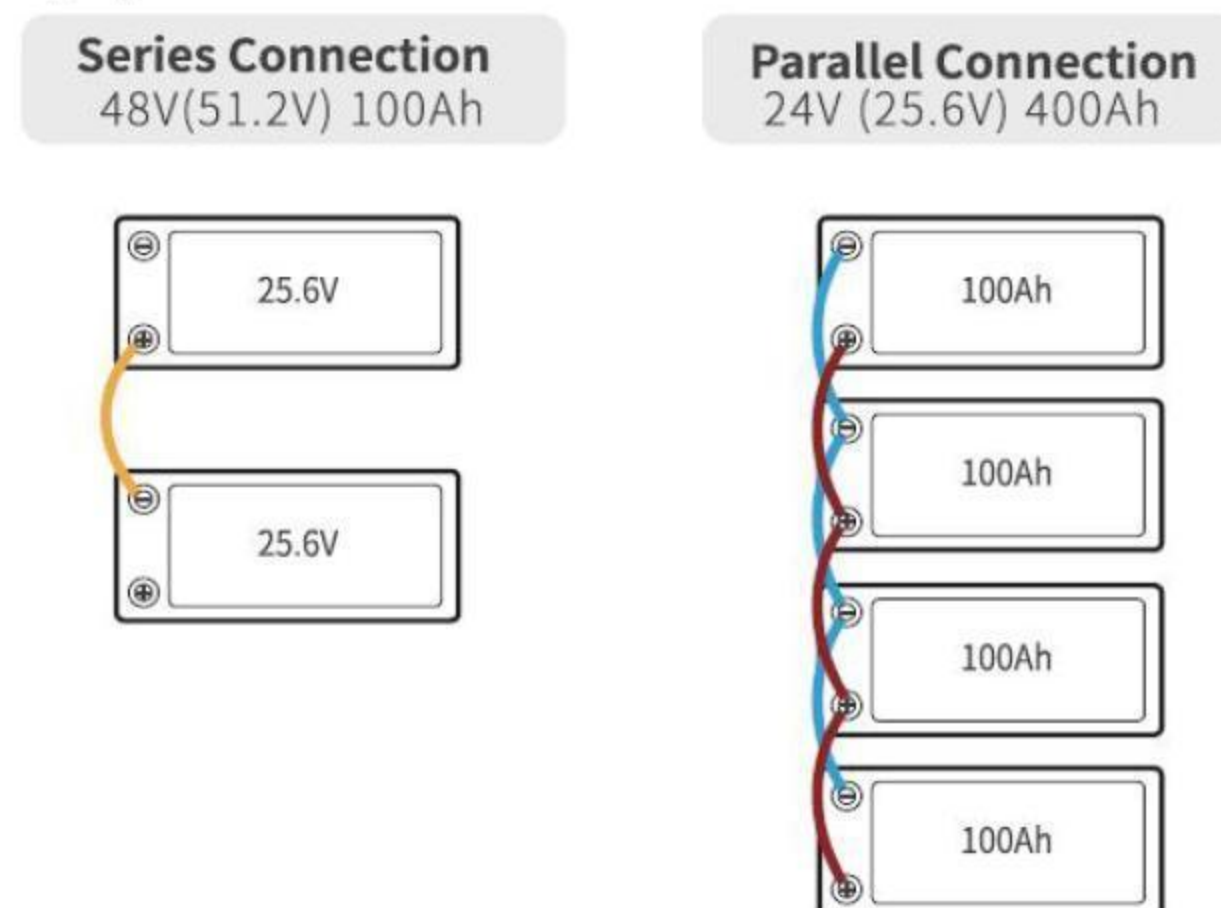
### THE PREMISE OF CONNECTION

To connect in series or/and parallel, batteries should meet the below conditions;

- a. identical batteries with the same battery capacity (Ah) and BMS (A);
- b. from the same brand (as lithium battery from different brands has their special BMS);
- c. purchased in near time (within one month).

### LIMITATION FOR SERIES/PARALLEL CONNECTION

Support connecting up to 16 identical batteries for up to  
 2 in series as 48V (51.2V) battery system/  
 4 in parallel as 400Ah battery system.



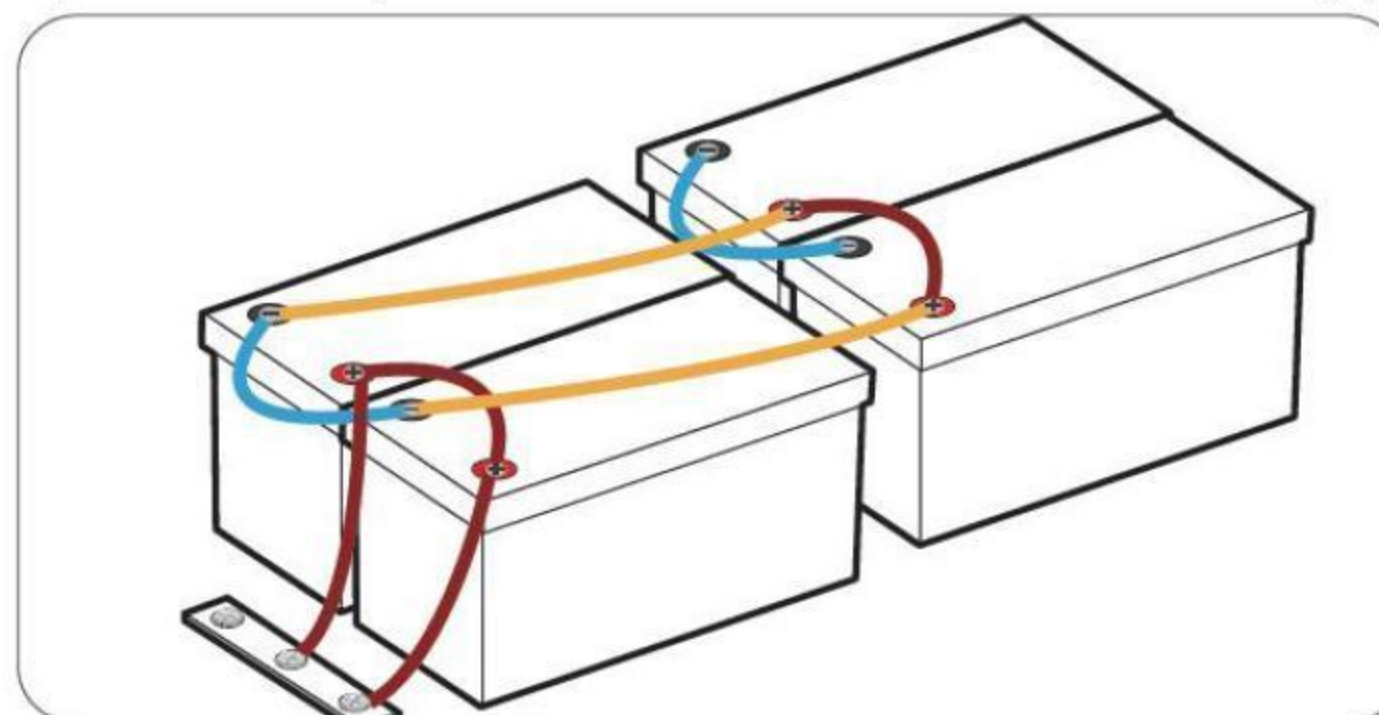
## HOW TO CONNECT BATTERIES

### Accessory Recommendation

- **Battery-to-Battery Connection Cable:** 2\*6AWG Copper Cable
- **Total Input & Output Connection:** Adding two copper bars except for the cables.

**Step 1:** Refer to Page 14-16 to finish your battery-to-battery connection.

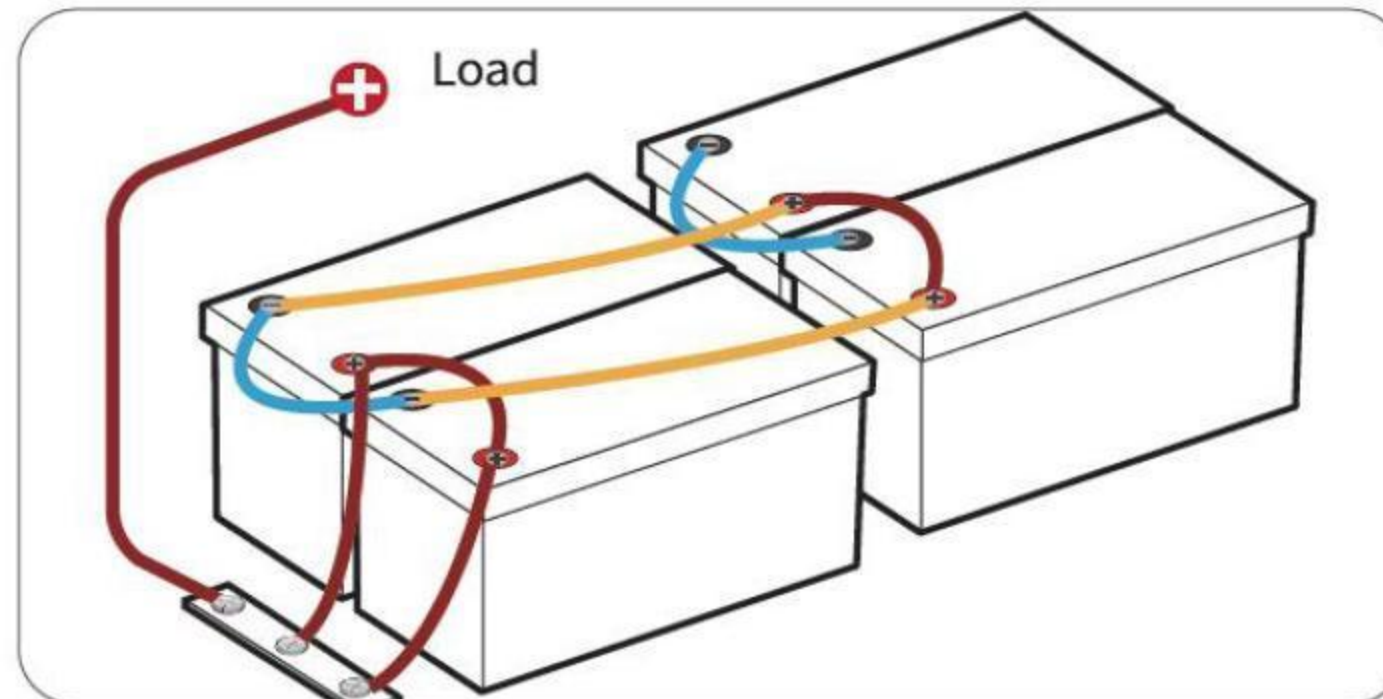
**Step 2:** Connect all the positive output cables of the batteries to one copper bar.



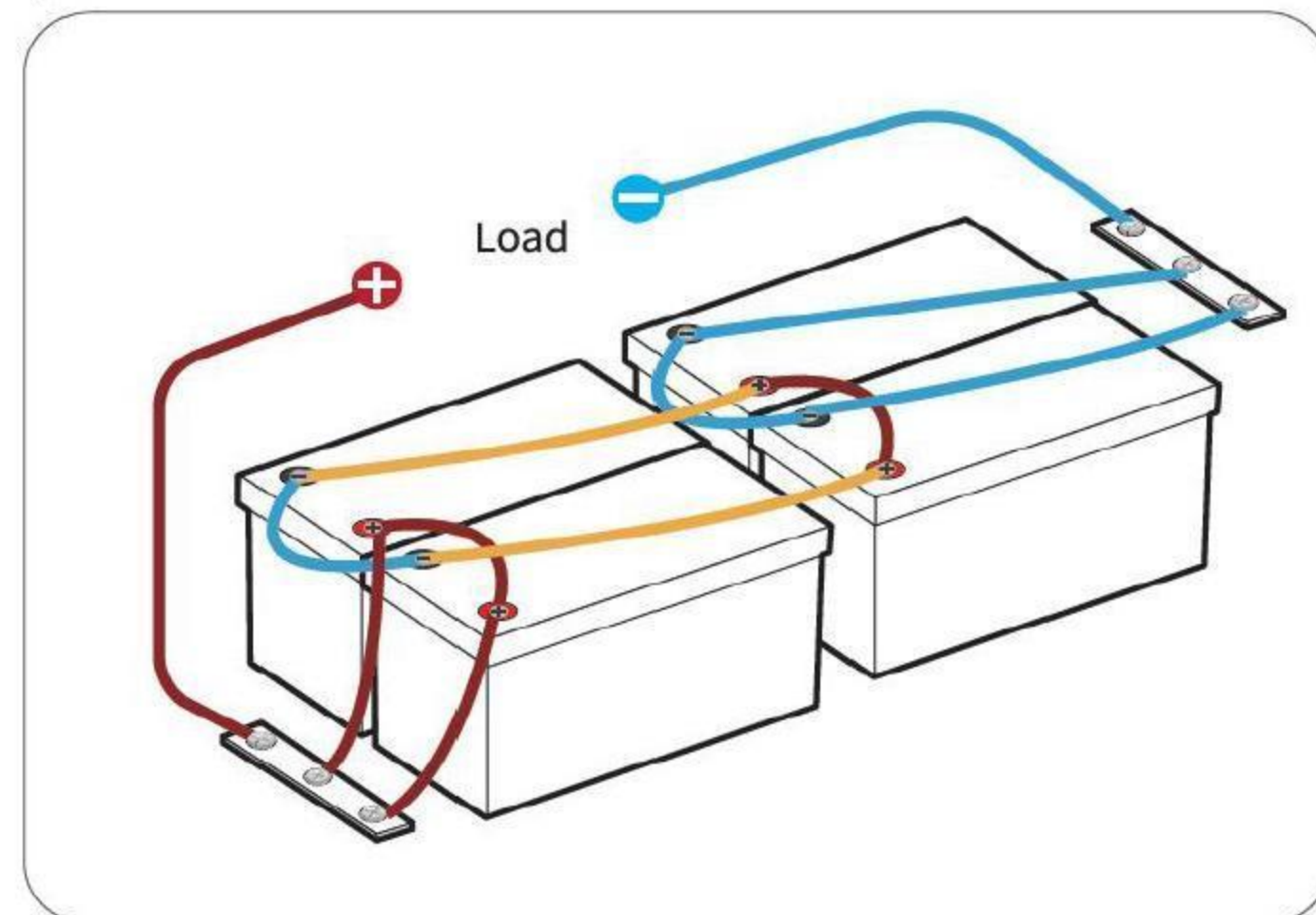
If the positive (+) of the battery is connected to the negative (-) of other batteries (i.e. in series connection), the + cannot be connected to the copper bar, otherwise the battery system will fail to connect in series.)

**Step 3:** Connect the **+** of the load to the copper bar.

The cable gauge used in this step should be able to support the total input & output current of the entire battery system.

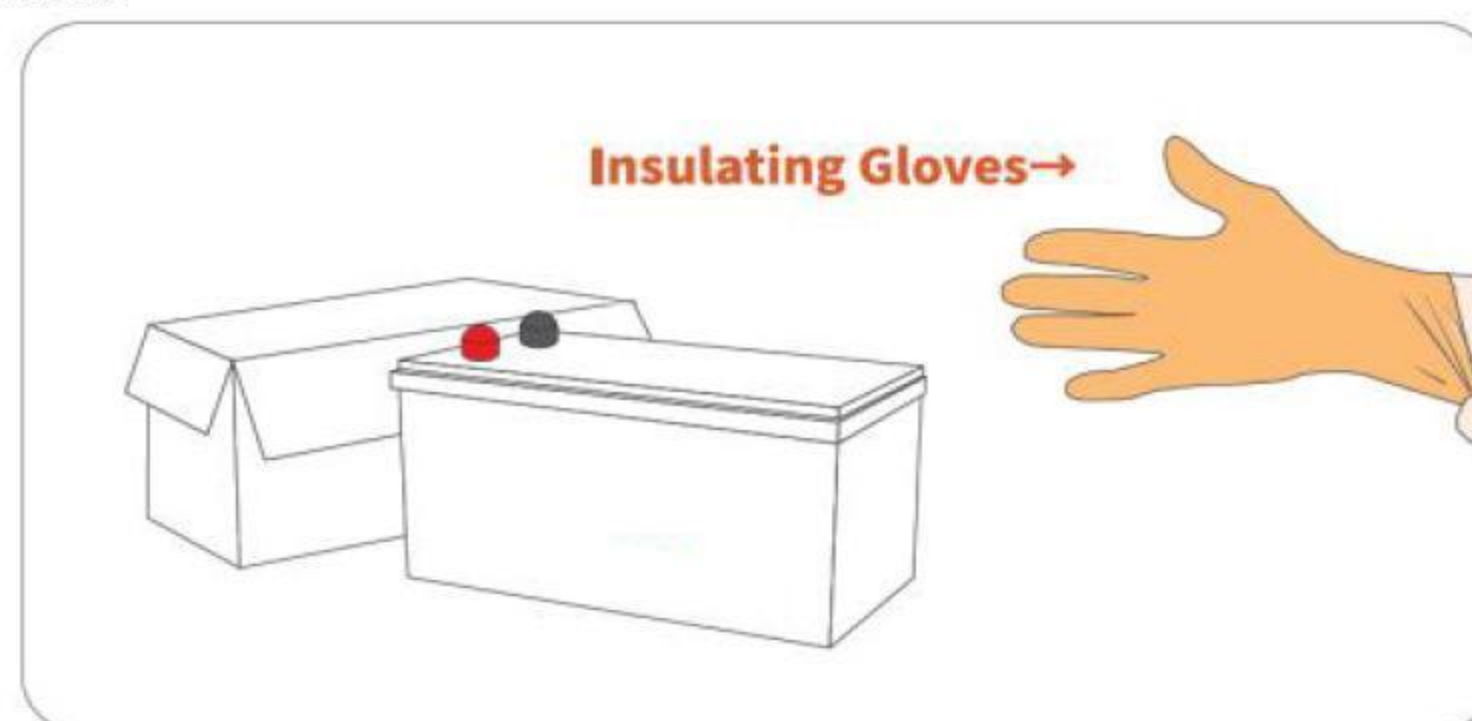


**Step 4:** The **-** of the battery system and load are also connected to another copper bar following the above steps.



### Step 1 Wear Insulating Gloves

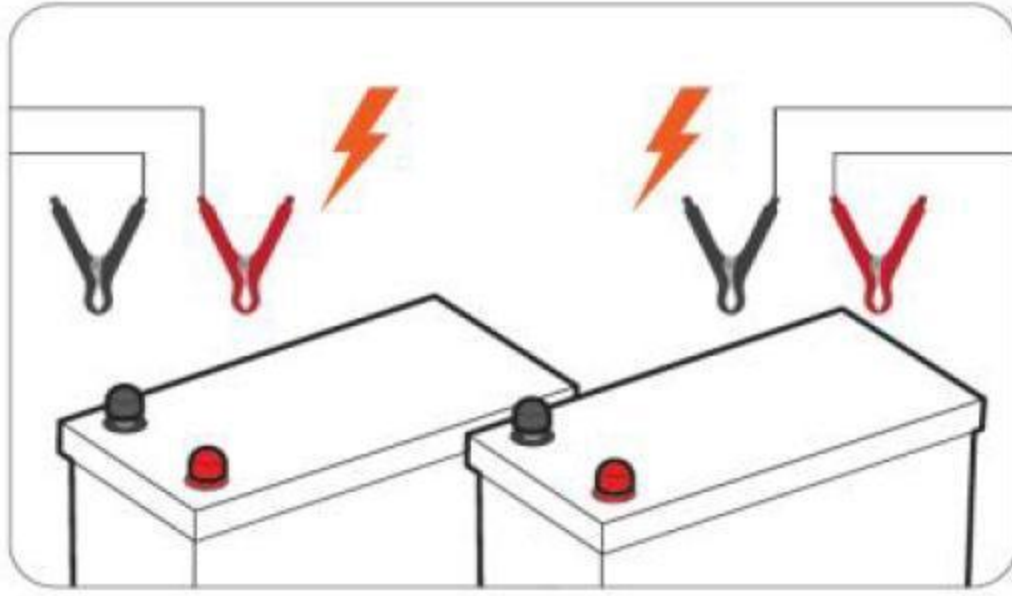
Wear Insulating Gloves for protection before connecting. Please pay attention to operation safety in the process of connection.



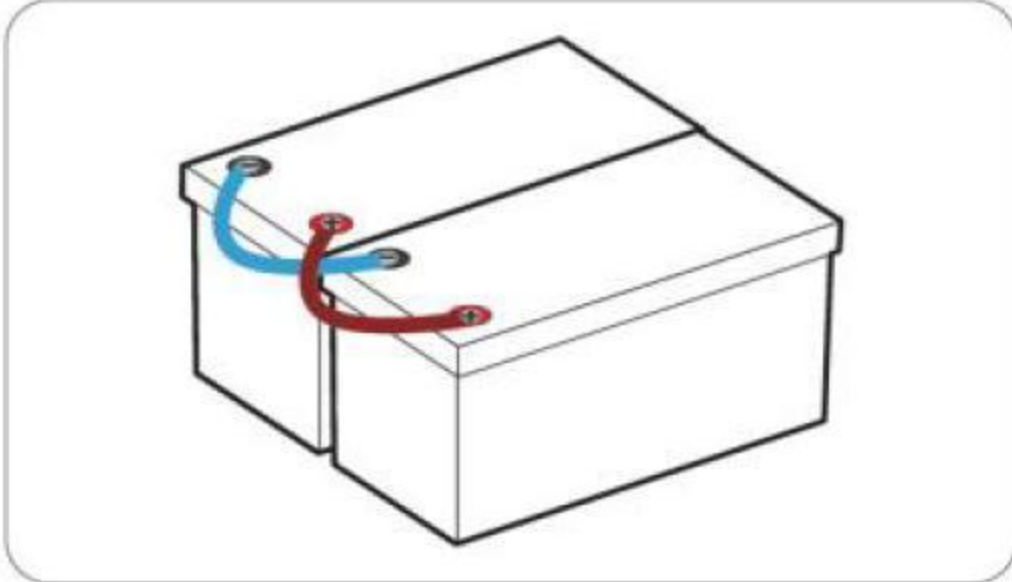
### Step 2 Voltage Balancing Before Connection

Below two steps are necessary to reduce the voltage difference between batteries and let the battery system perform the best of it in series or/and in parallel.

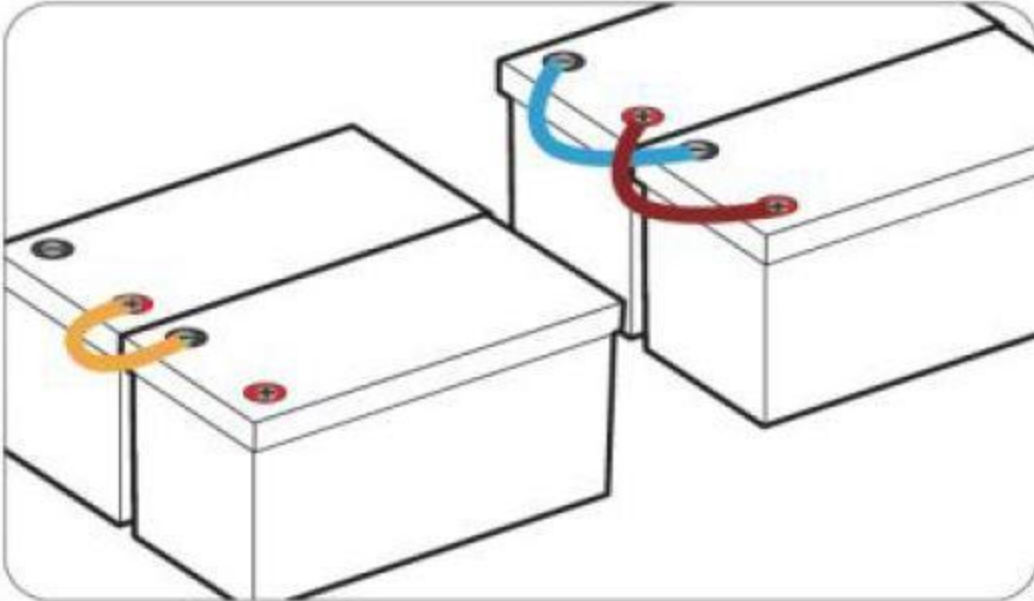
- Fully charge the batteries separately (voltage at rest:  $\geq 26.8V$ )



- Connect the batteries one by one in parallel, and leave them together for 12~24 hrs.

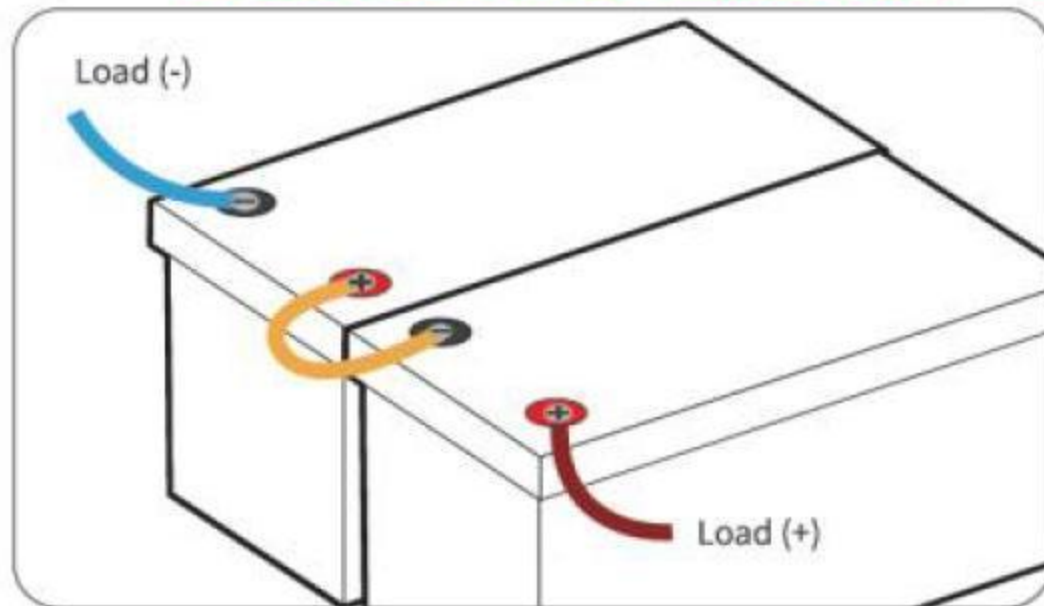


- They can then be connected in series or parallel.



### Step 3 Battery-to-Battery Connection

- Connect Batteries in Series **+** to **-**

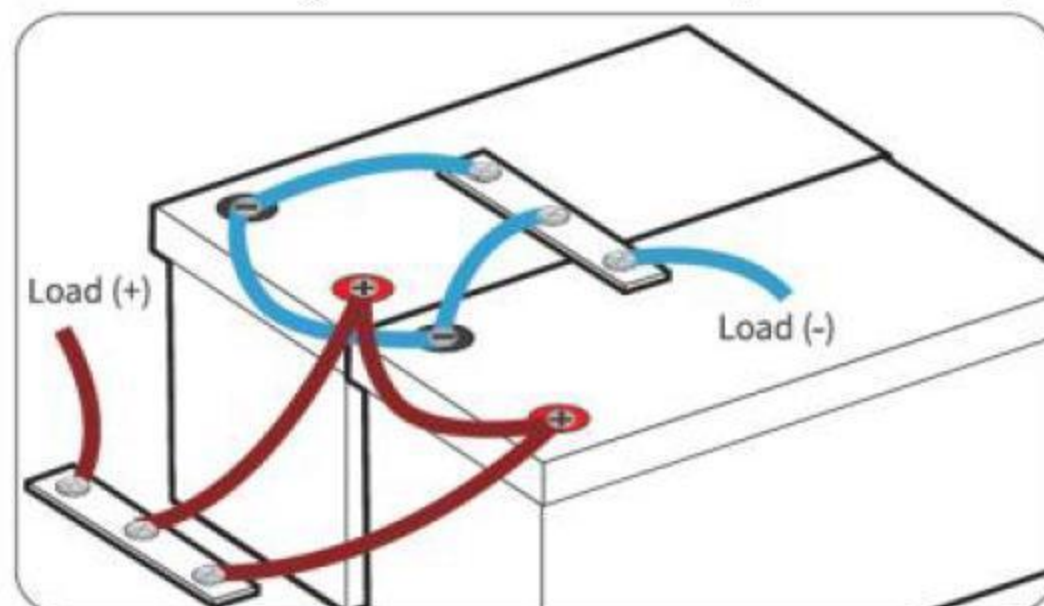


After series connection, the voltage of the battery system will be doubled according to the number of batteries you connect.

E.g. If two 24V 100Ah batteries are connected in series, the battery system will be 48V (51.2V) 100Ah.

- Connect Batteries in Parallel **+** to **+** **-** to **-**

Refer to Page 10 for total input & output connection

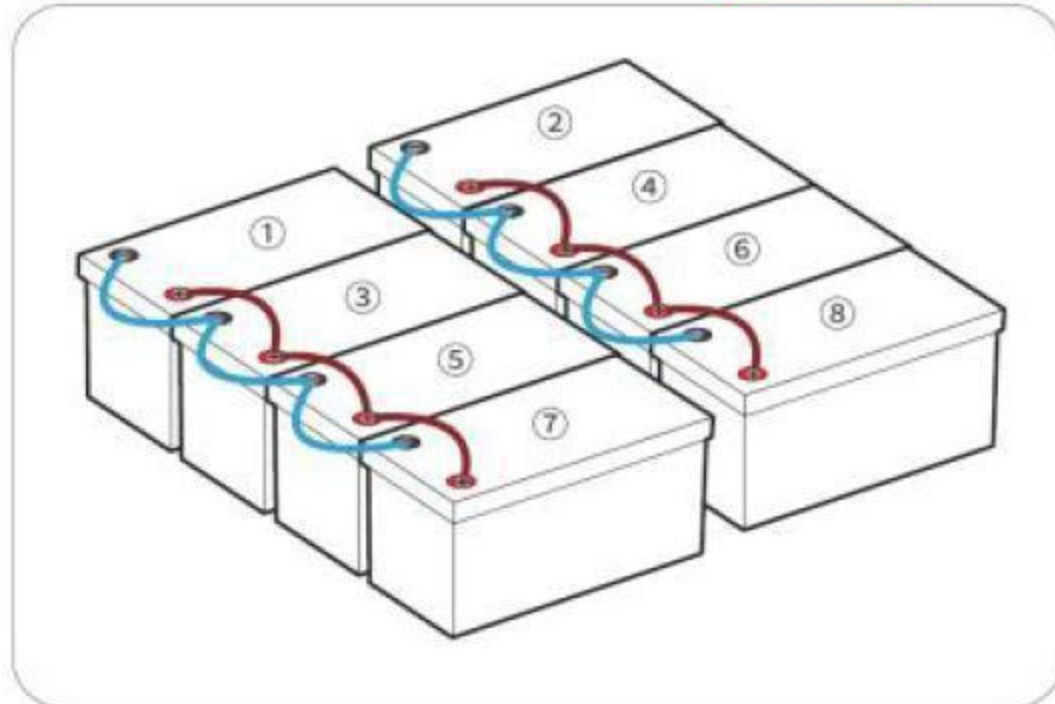


After parallel connection, the capacity of the battery system will be doubled according to the number of batteries you connect.

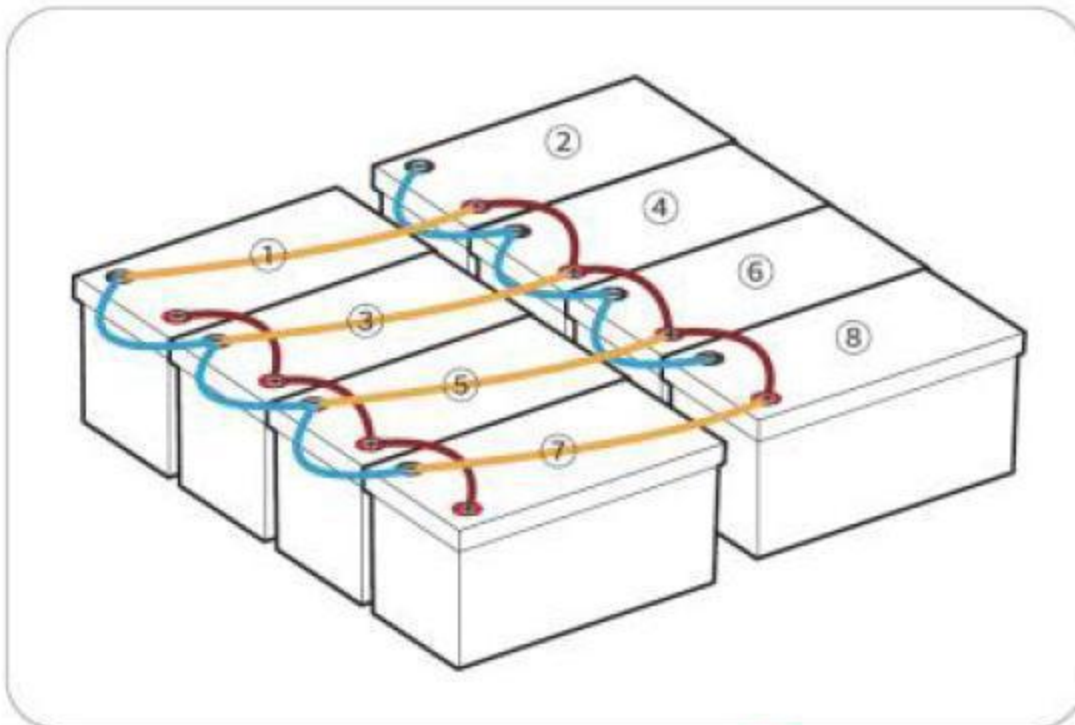
E.g. If two 24V 100Ah batteries are connected in parallel, the battery system will be 24V (25.6V) 200Ah.

➤ **Connect Batteries Both in Series & Parallel**  
**Optimal Connection Method Recommendation**

1. Connect the batteries in **parallel**

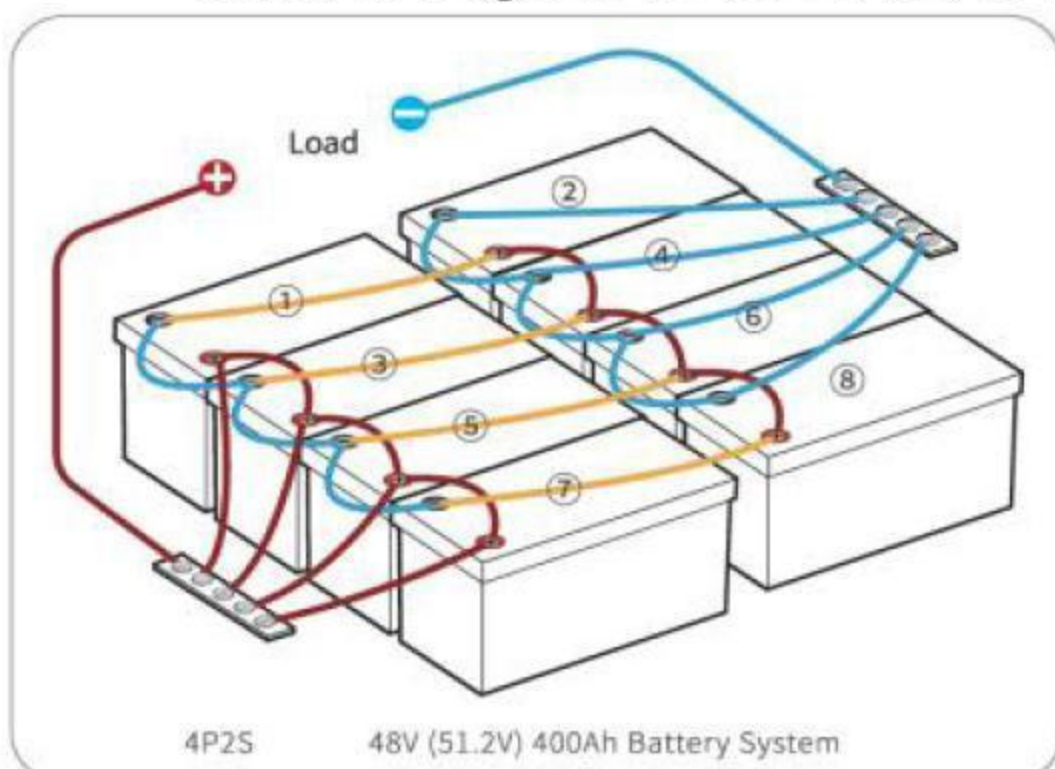


2. Connect the paralleled battery systems in **series**.



➤ Connect the positive **+** of battery ①/③/⑤/⑦ to a copper bar and the **+** of the load to the same copper bar. And then connect the negative **-** of ②/④/⑥/⑧ to another copper bar and the **-** of the load to the same copper bar.

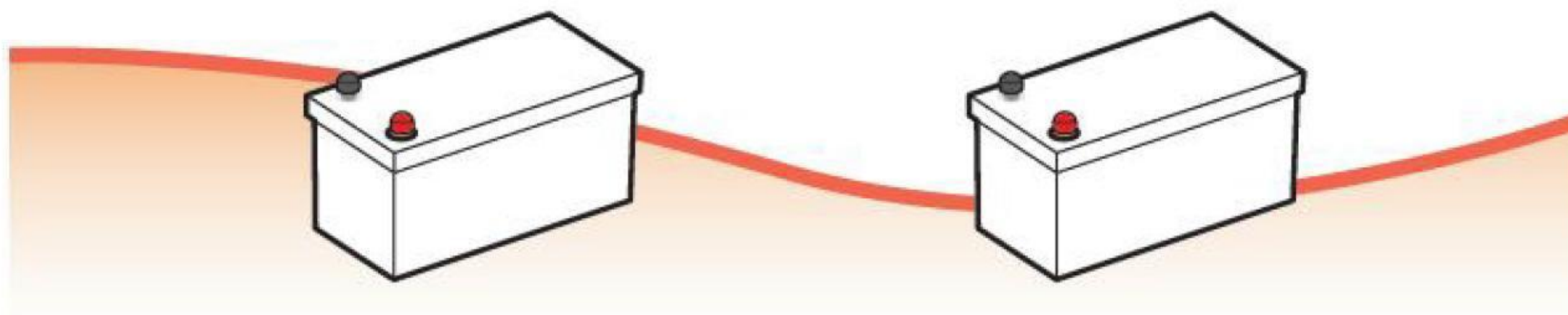
Refer to Page 15-16 for 2P2S, 4P2S battery system wiring diagram



As **-** of ①/③/⑤/⑦ is connected in series with **+** of ②/④/⑥/⑧, please do not connect **-** of ①/③/⑤/⑦ with **-** of load or **+** of ②/④/⑥/⑧ with **+** of load, otherwise the battery system will fail to connect in series.

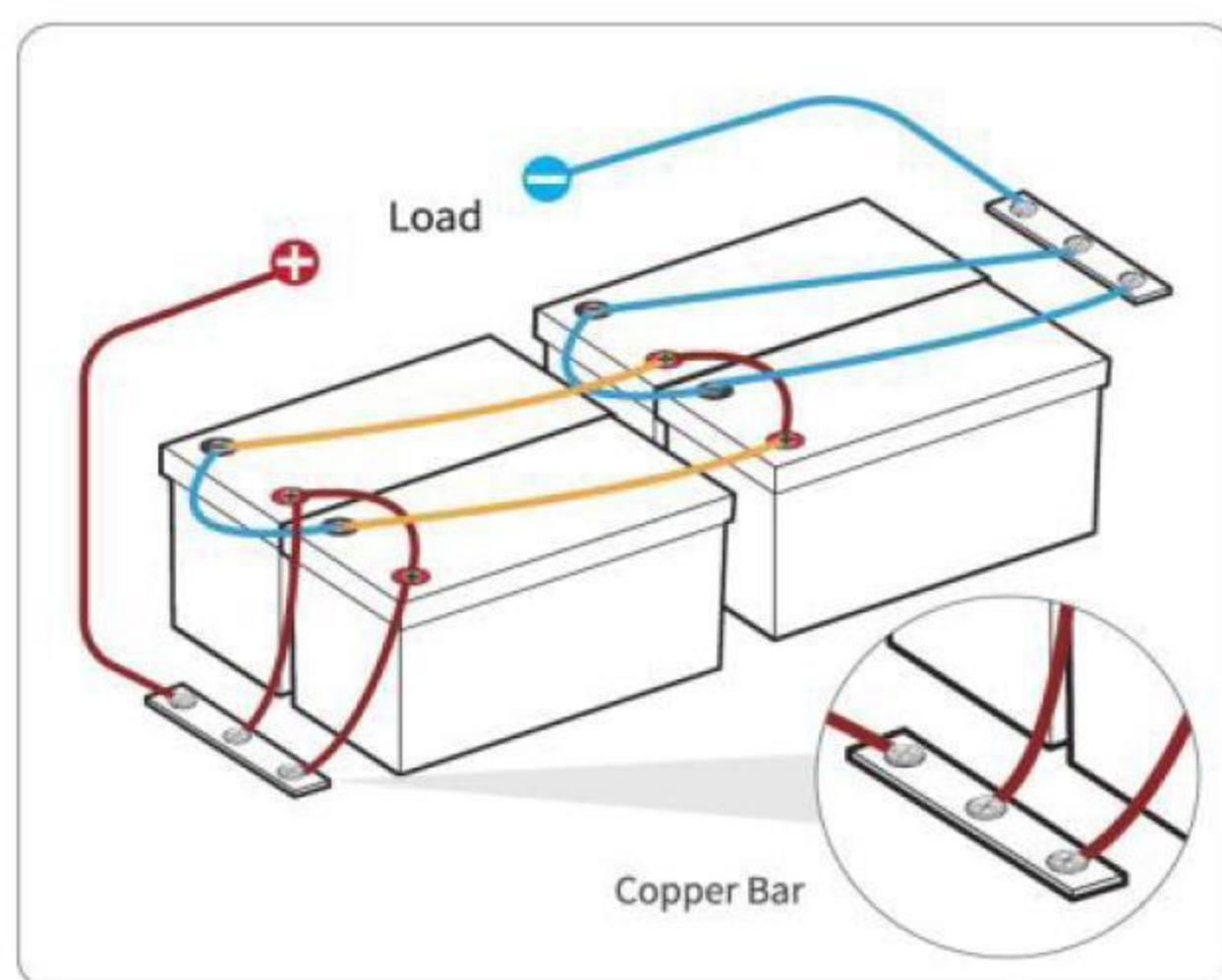
**Step 4 Rebalancing Every 6 Months**

It is recommended to rebalance the battery voltage every six months following Step 2 on Page 13 if you're connecting multiple batteries as a battery system, as there might be voltage differences after six months of the battery system running.

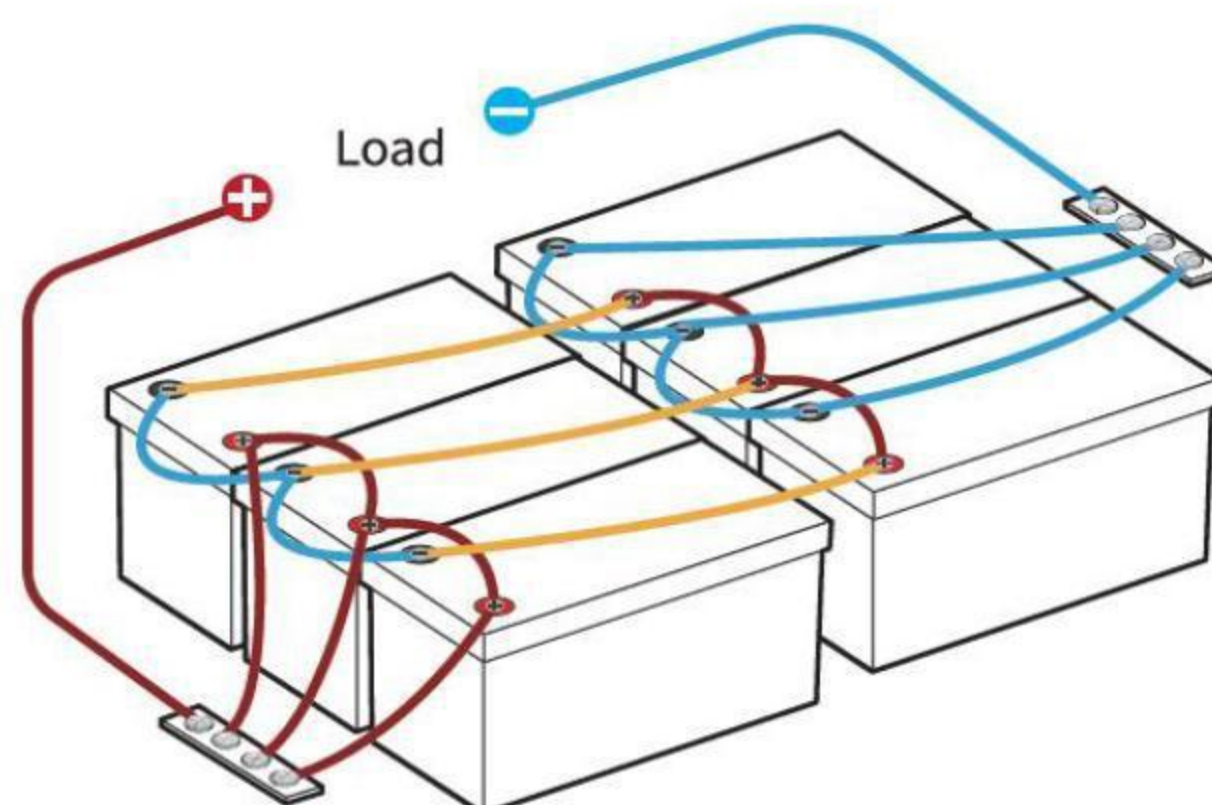


### Wiring Diagrams

2P2S	Battery System	48V (51.2V)200Ah
	Energy	10,240Wh
	Max. Continuous Charge / Discharge Current	200A
	Max. Continuous Load Power	10,240W

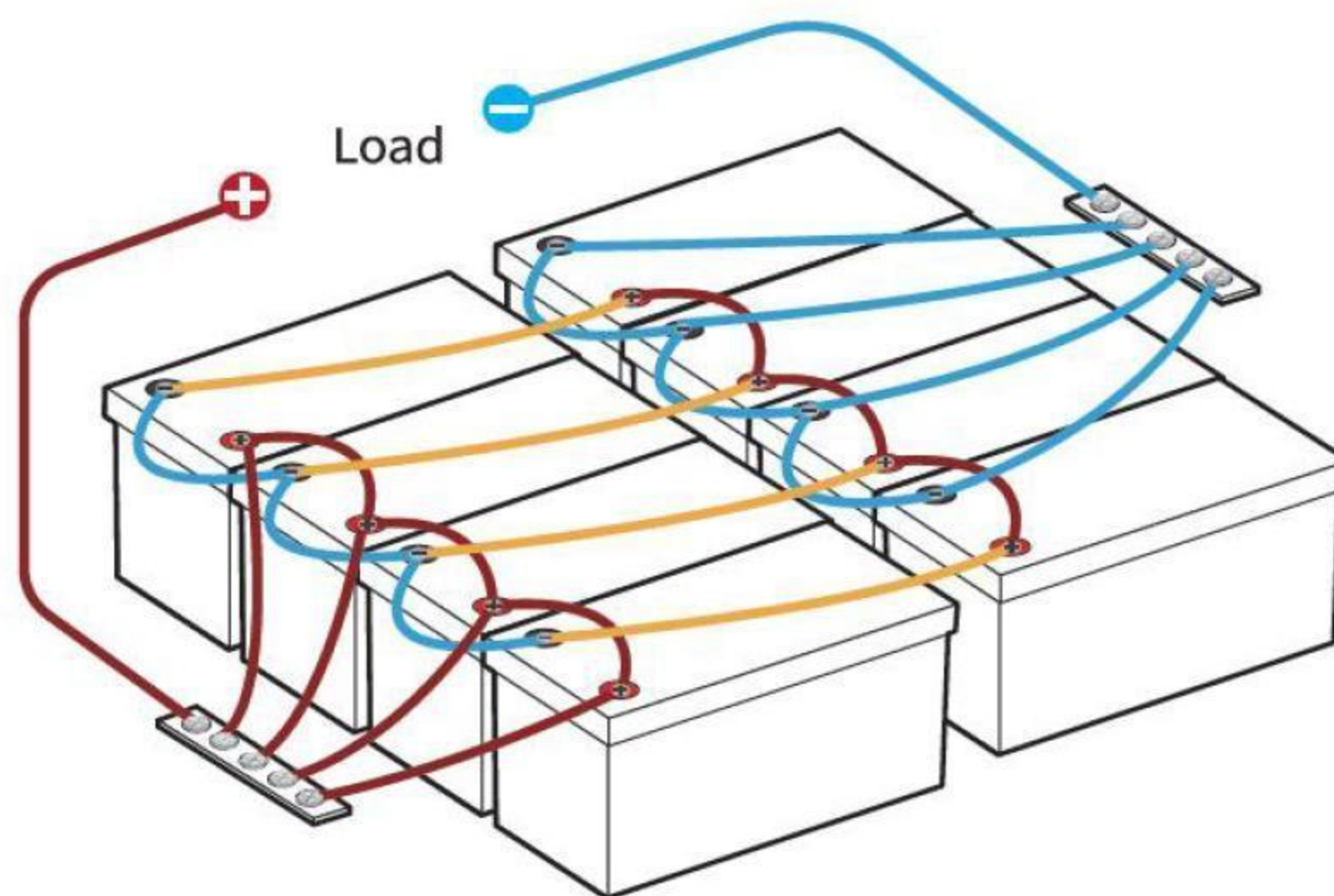


3P2S	Battery System	48V (51.2V)300Ah
	Energy	15,360Wh
	Max. Continuous Charge / Discharge Current	300A
	Max. Continuous Load Power	15,360W





4P2S	Battery System	48V (51.2V)400Ah
	Energy	20480Wh
	Max. Continuous Charge / Discharge Current	400A
	Max. Continuous Load Power	20,480W



## INVERTER SETTINGS

### METHOD ONE (RECOMMEND)

Select "12V (14.6V) LI (LiFePQ4) Mode"

### METHOD TWO

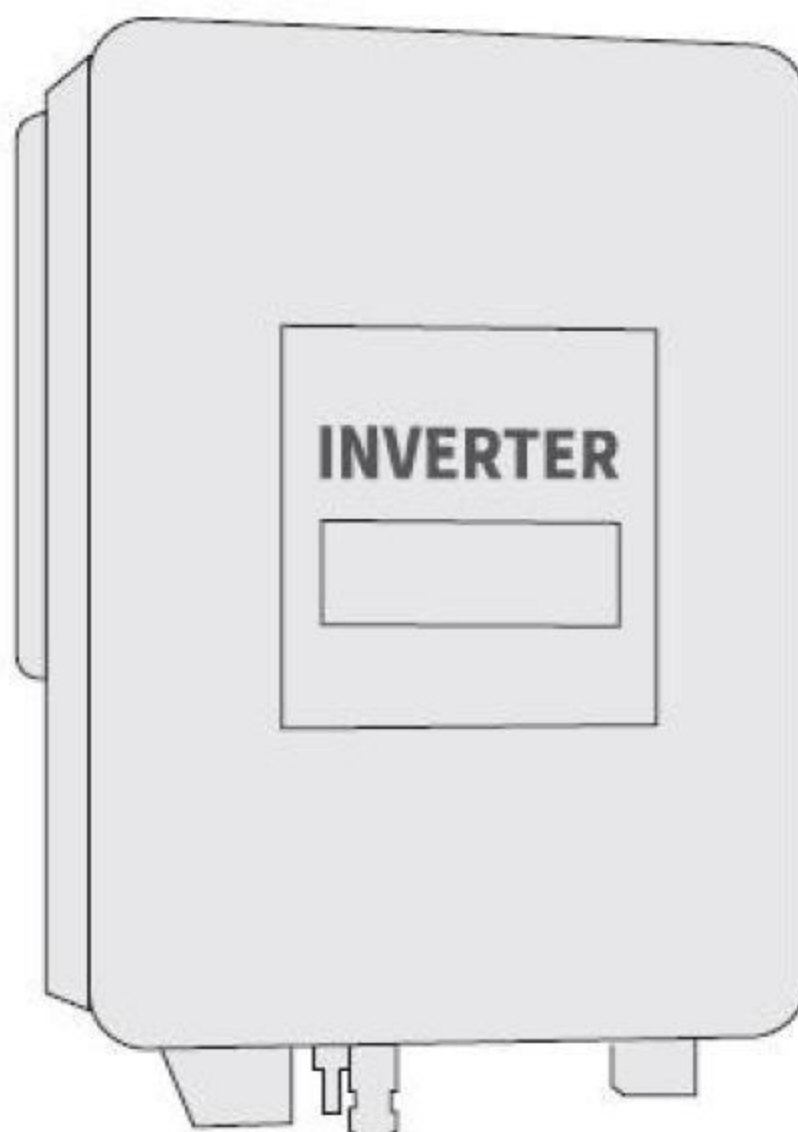
If method one is not available, select "User Mode" to enter values according to below parameters.

CHARGING	Charge Voltage	29.2V
	Over Voltage Disconnect	30V
	Over Voltage Reconnect	28.4V

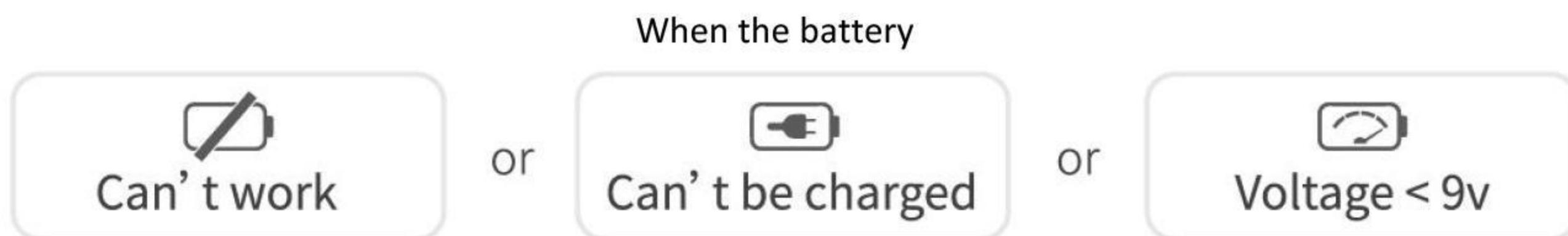
DIS-CHARGING	Under Voltage Warning	23.2V
	Under Voltage Recover	24V
	Low Voltage Disconnect	21.6V
	Low Voltage Reconnect	24.8V

The above setting parameters apply to common inverters on the market (such as Victron, Renogy, Growatt, Xantrex, Go Power, Lux Power, etc.). Different brands have slightly different descriptions or naming methods for each parameter. Please directly set the parameters with the same meaning.

If the inverter parameters to be set are special or cannot correspond to one of the above items, please contact [info@lifepo4store.com](mailto:info@lifepo4store.com) for confirmation.



## WHAT TO DO WHEN THE BATTERY STOPS WORKING?

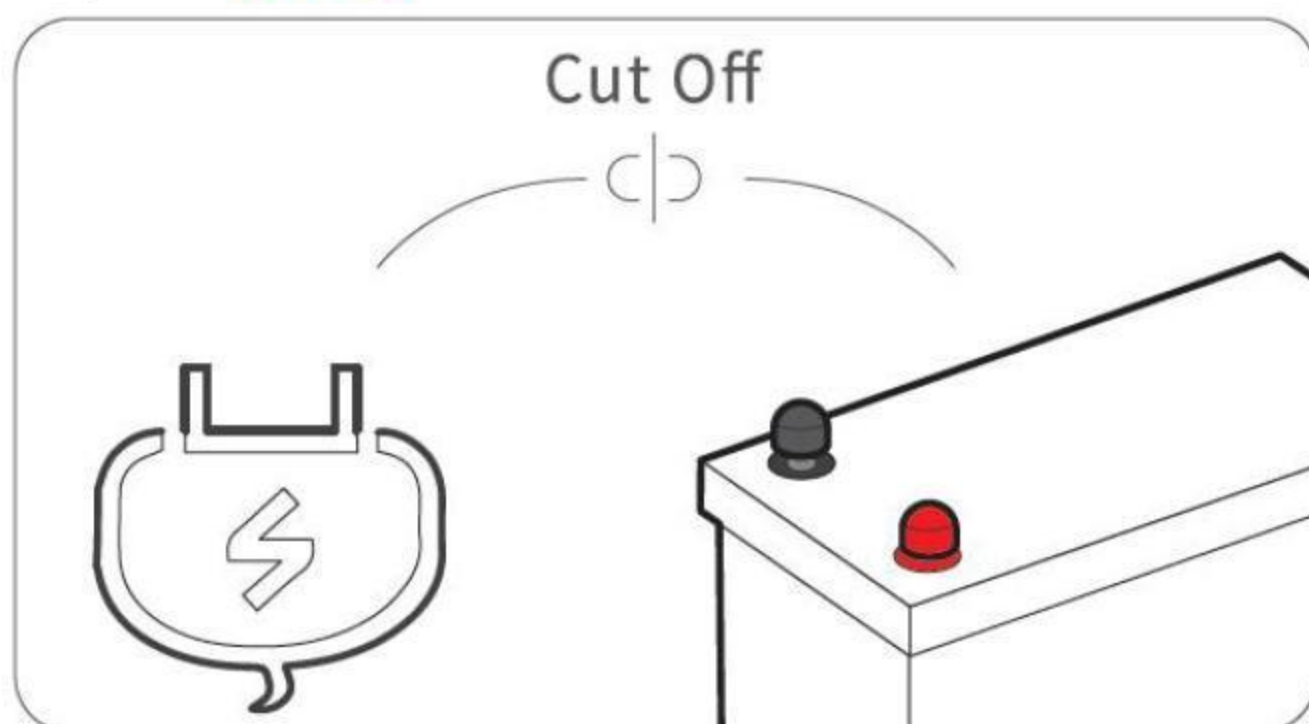


It has 85% chances that BMS has shut it off for protection, and you could try one of below ways to activate the battery.

### GENERAL STEPS

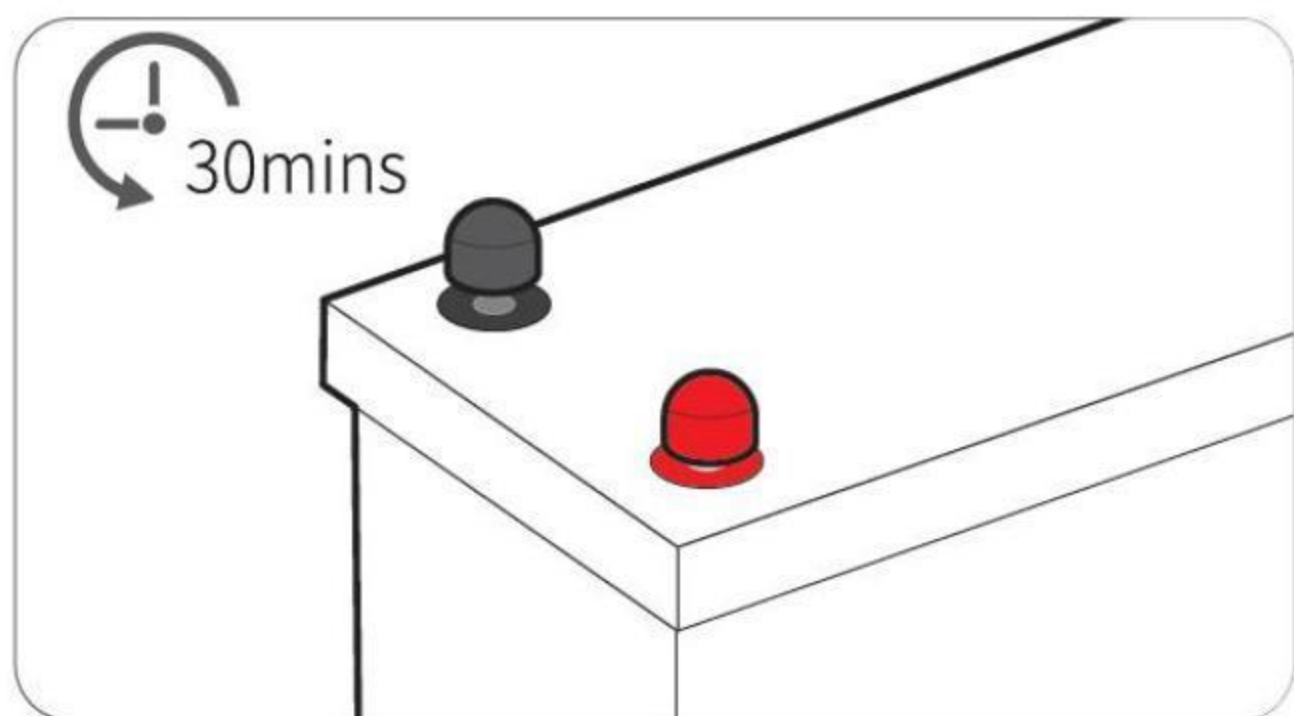
If the BMS has cut off the battery for protection, follow the below steps to activate it.

Step 1: **Cut off** all the connections from the battery



Step 2: **Leave the battery aside for 30mins**

Then the battery will automatically recover itself to normal voltage (>10V) and can be used after fully charged.

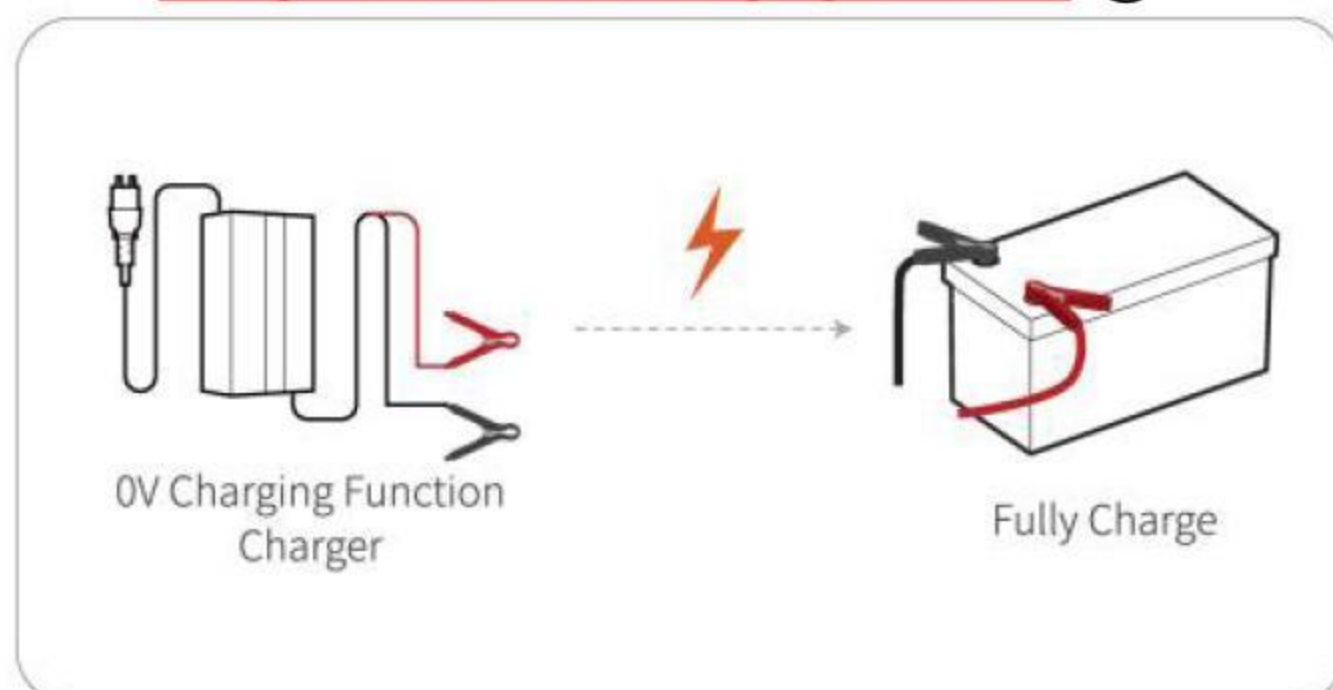


If the battery is unable to recover itself after the above steps, please try activating by **ONE OF BELOW TWO METHODS.**

After activated (voltage>10V) and fully charged by the normal charging method, it can be used normally.

### Method ①

Use a **charger with a 0V charging function** ① to fully charge the battery



## Method ②

Connect an [18V~36V solar panel](#) to charge the battery for 3~10s in sunny daytime.



## ATTENTION

Caution: Risk of Fire, Explosion or Burns

DO NOT Short circuit

DO NOT Reverse connections from the charger to the battery

DO NOT Disassemble

DO NOT Throw into fire or incinerate

DO NOT Heat above 70 °C/158°F

## WARNING

### BATTERY DISPOSAL

The electrodes of the waste battery should be wrapped with insulating paper to prevent fire and explosion.

### PROHIBITION OF DISASSEMBLY

Never disassemble the cells.

The disassembling may generate an internal short circuit in the cell, which may cause gassing, firing, explosion, or other problems.

The electrolyte is harmful.

Li-Fe battery should not have liquid from electrolyte flowing, but in case the electrolyte comes into contact with the skin, or eyes, physicians shall slush the electrolyte immediately with fresh water and medical advice is to be sought.

### PROHIBITION OF DUMPING OF CELLS INTO WATER

Do not soak the battery in which the liquid, like water, seawater and non-alcoholic drinks, fruit juice, coffee or other drinks.

### PROHIBITION OF DISASSEMBLY

If any abnormal features of the cells are found such as damages in a plastic envelope of the cell, deformation of the cell package, smelling of an electrolyte, an electrolyte leakage and others, the cells shall never be used anymore.

The cells with a smell of the electrolyte or a leakage shall be placed away from the fire to avoid firing or explosion.

### PROHIBITION OF USING IN BELOW PLACES

Do not use the battery in a place with strong static electricity and a strong magnetic field, otherwise, it is easy to damage the battery safety protection device and bring hidden danger.



Originate from TTWEN

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Swalle Technology Co., Ltd